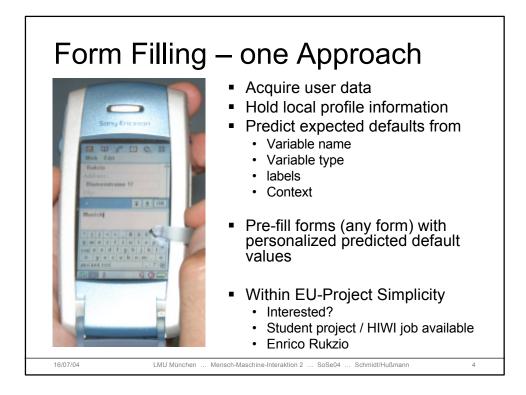
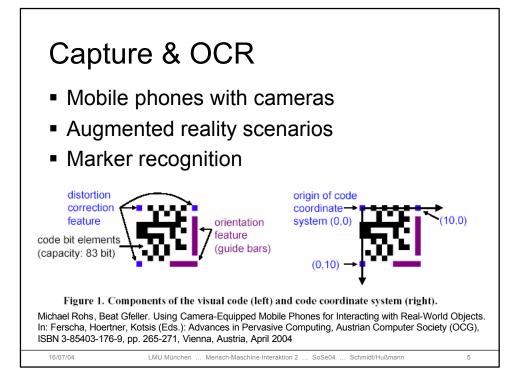
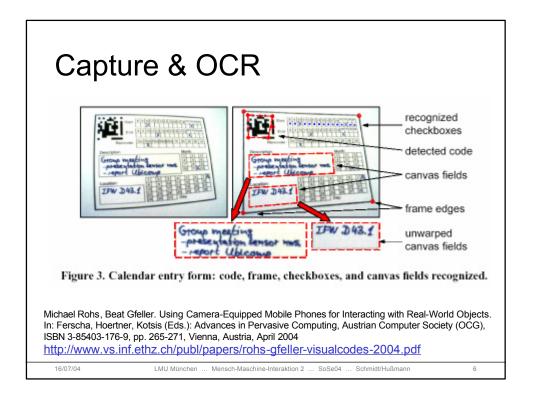
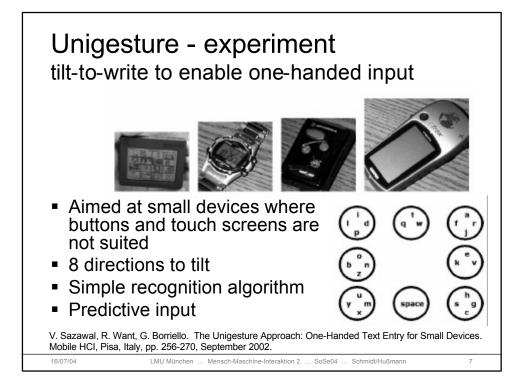


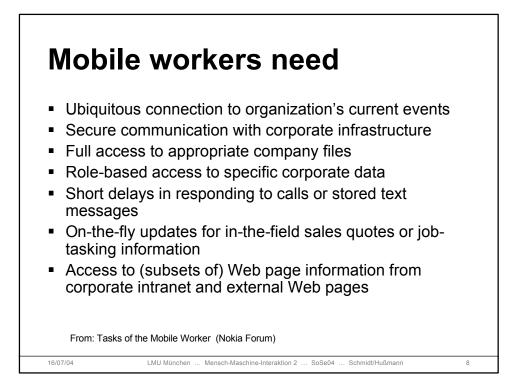
| | T-Mobile | O2 Germany | E-Plus Germany | Applications |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Top 5 Services | 1. Ring tones | 1. Live chat | 1. Ring tones | use minimal input |
| | 2. Download games | 2. eBay | 2. Playboy | · |
| | 3. Chat | 3. O2 E- Mail | 3. Sport news | |
| | 4. Soccer | 4. O2 ring tones | 4. Poptone | |
| | 5. MMS- services | 5. O2 Games | 5. eBay | |
| Format | ormat WAP/WML WAP/WML | | cHTML, i-mode | |

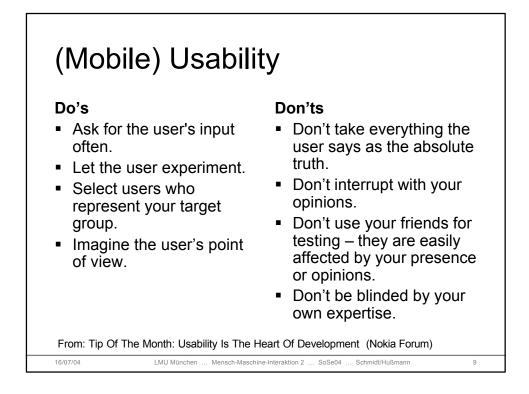


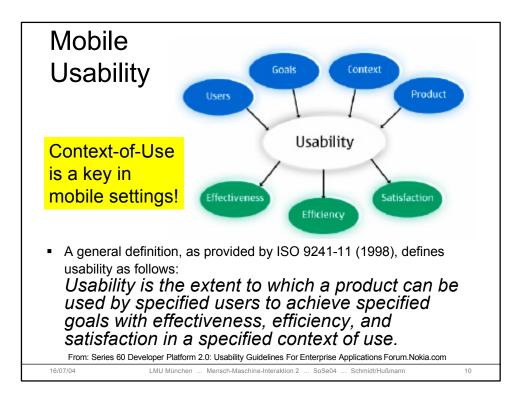




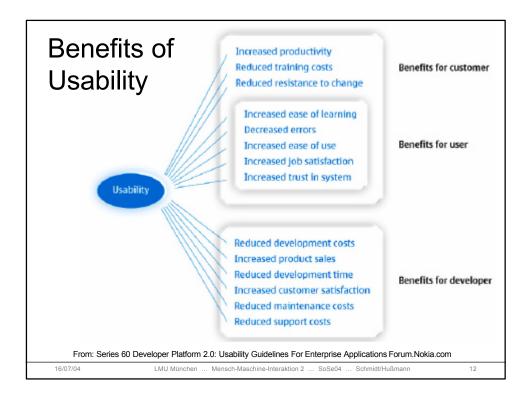


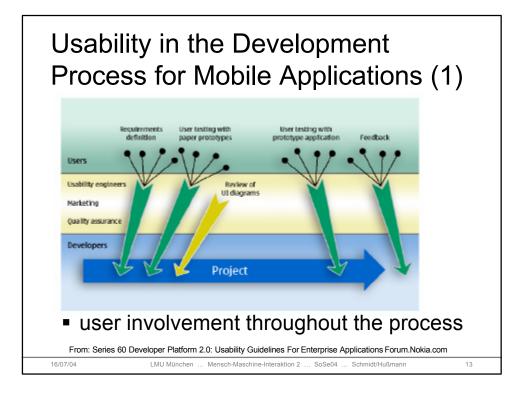


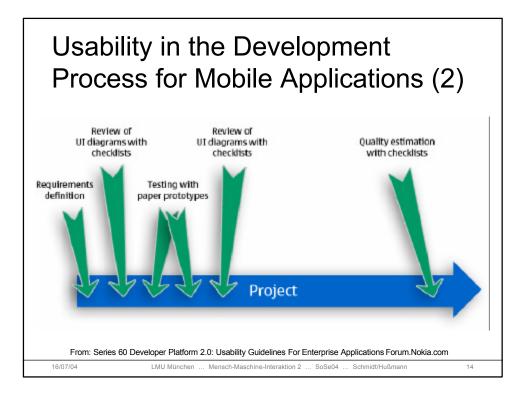


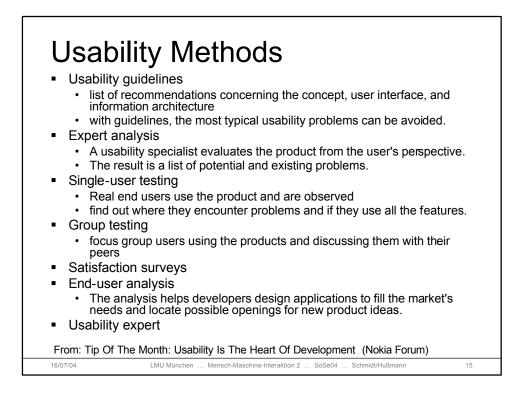


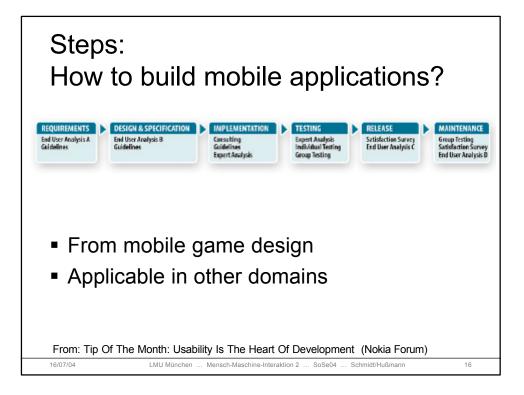
| Basic Design Rules for Mobile UIs 1. Know the user and context of use. Prioritizing application features and designing dialogs according to user workflow requires a deep understanding of the intended users, their objectives, and the usage context. Making assumptions is not good enough, unless your application is going to be used by UI designers and application developers only. |
|---|
| 2. Test with real users early and often. Actual users of the application should be involved in every phase of application design. The first user tests can be conducted with paper prototypes before any code has been written. |
| 3. Choose simplicity. Designing simple user interfaces is especially important in mobile devices. It is often hard to make things simple, but easy to make them complex. A functional and simplistic user interface is the result of hard work <i>with actual users</i> in the early design phases. |
| From: Series 60 Developer Platform 2.0: Usability Guidelines For Enterprise Applications Forum.Nokia.com |

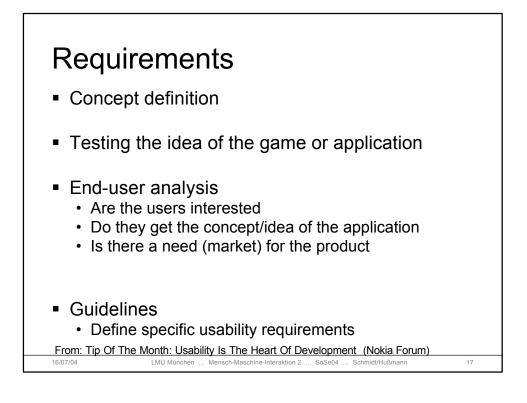


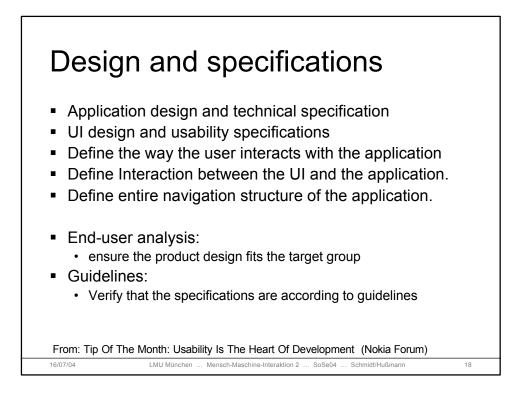


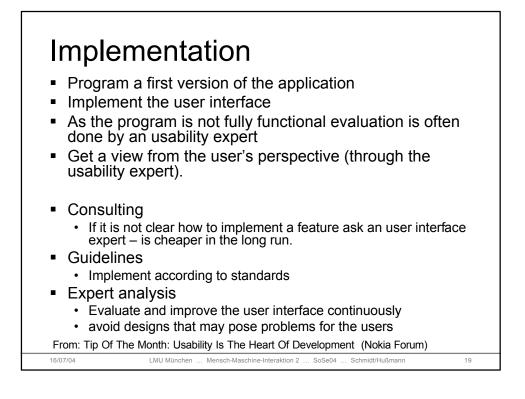


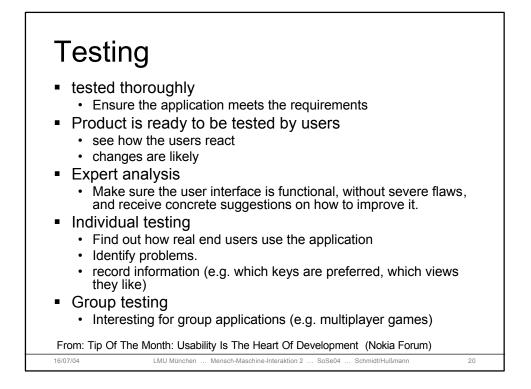


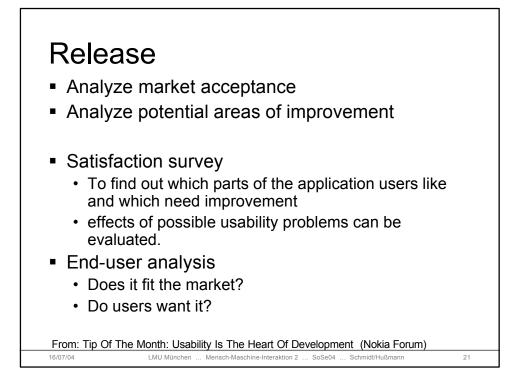


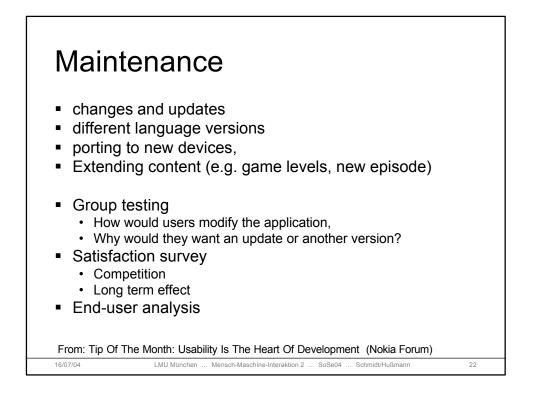


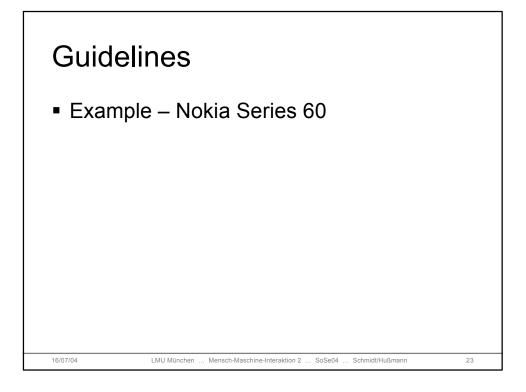


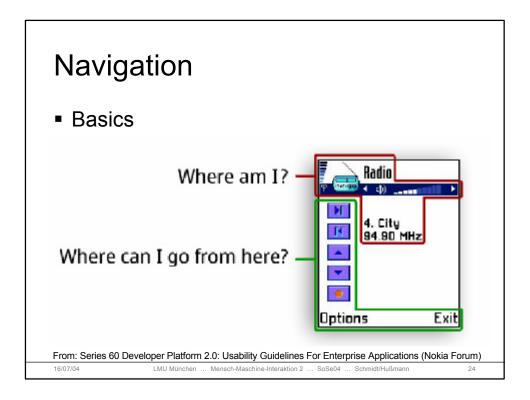


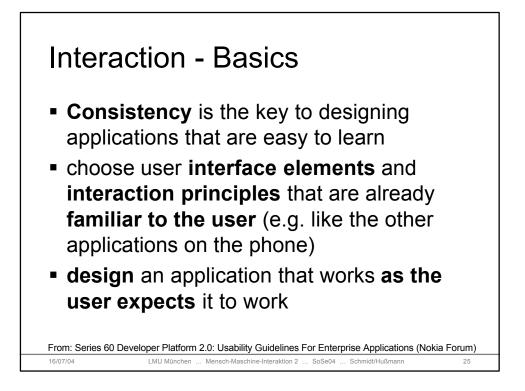




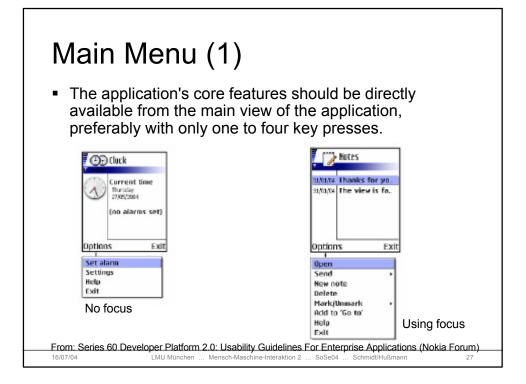


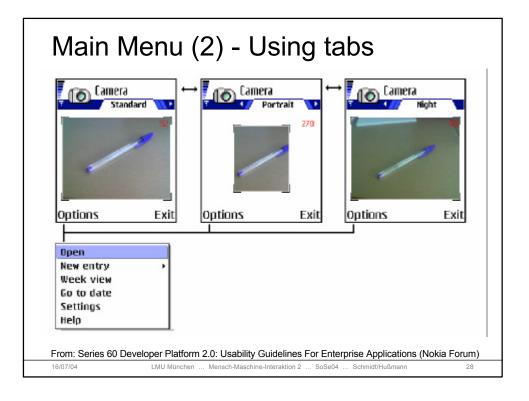


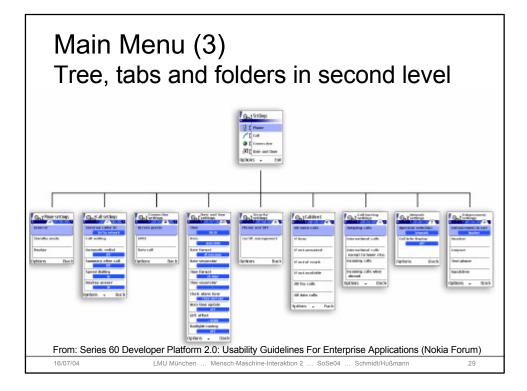




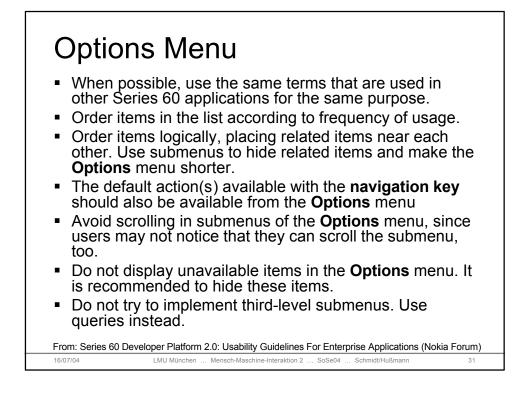
Interaction Style Use the navigation key as a primary control. · Users are likely to be very familiar with a five-way navigation key. move focus with the navigation key and select items with it. context-sensitive menu is recommended if there is no single intuitive default action. Use softkeys consistently. Display softkey labels – always · Use the left softkey as an Options menu, and as a secondary selection kev. Use the right softkey for Exit / Cancel / Back. Use terms consistently. Be consistent with other applications Provide automatic saving and loading. when opening and closing an application. Or use multitasking festures Interrupting a task is most common on the phone (e.g. incoming call, crossing a road, ...) Use familiar key shortcuts. From: Series 60 Developer Platform 2.0: Usability Guidelines For Enterprise Applications (Nokia Forum) LMU München ... Mensch-Maschine-Interaktion 2 ... SoSe04 ... Schmidt/Hußmann 16/07/04

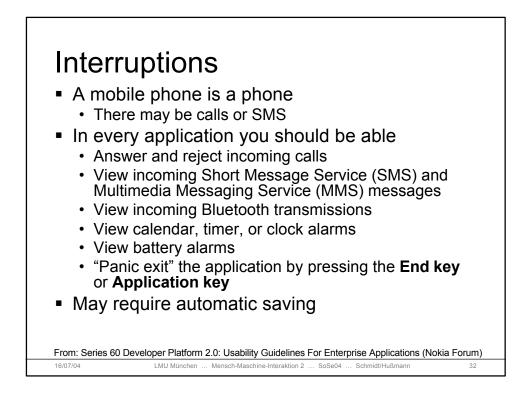


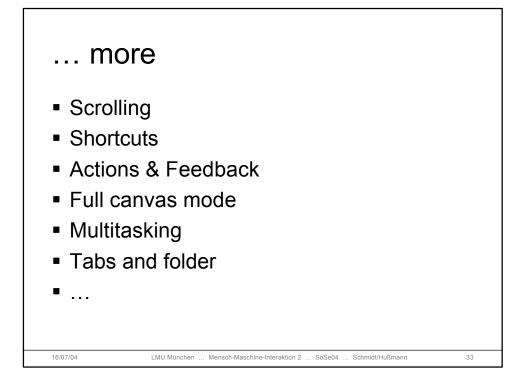


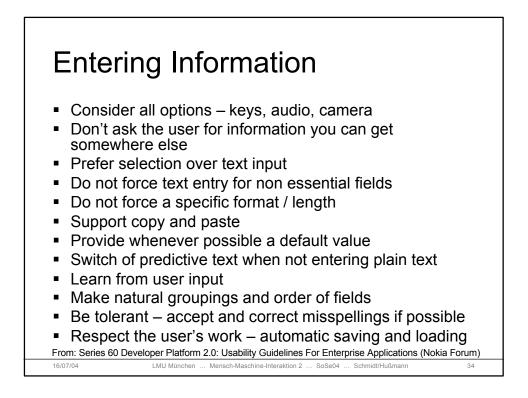


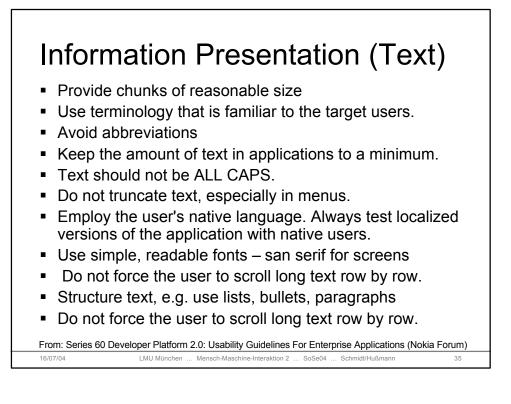
Main Menu (4) Softkeys Inconsistent use of softkeys and softkey labels is a major reason for usability problems. As a general rule, users should be able to exit the application by repeatedly pressing the right softkey. Confirmation dialogs that are designed to prevent accidental exiting from the application are an exception to this rule. Never use the right softkey to switch between main views in an application. It is better to use the right softkey to exit the application, and use a special shortcut key for quick switching between states. Always use the navigation key as the default action key. Softkey labels should also be used in full-screen mode. From: Series 60 Developer Platform 2.0: Usability Guidelines For Enterprise Applications (Nokia Forum) 16/07/04 LMU München ... Mensch-Maschine-Interaktion 2 ... SoSe04 ... Schmidt/Hußmann 30

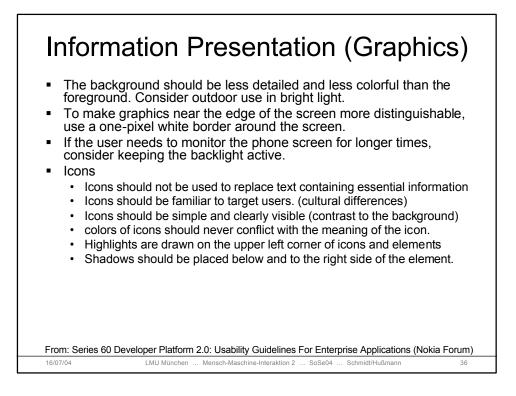




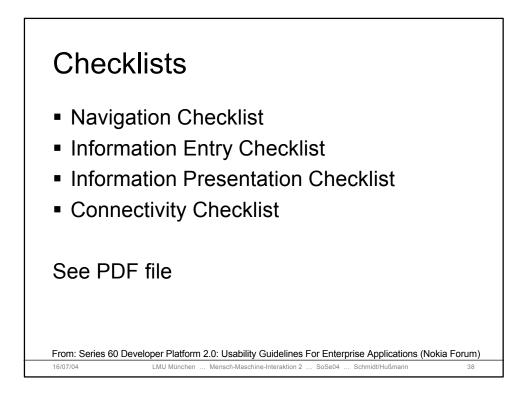












| Guideline | True | Almost | False | N/A | |
|--|---------|-----------|-----------|--------|--|
| Core features of the application are directly available from the main view of the application, preferably with only 1-4 key presses. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| The Navigation key is used as a primary control. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| Softkey labels are always displayed. | [] | [] | [] | [] | 7 |
| The left softkey is used as an Options menu, and as a secondary selection key. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| The right softkey is used for Exit/Cancel/Back. | [] | [] | [] | [] | 2 |
| Terminology is consistent with Series 60 applications. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| Shortcut keys are consistent with Series 60 applications. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| A default action(s) available with the navigation key is also available from the Options menu. | [] | [] | [] | [] | Vavigation |
| No scrolling is required in submenus of the Options menu. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| Users get instant feedback on their actions. | [] | [] | [] | [] |) Š |
| If action takes between 0.5 to 2 seconds, the user is provided with an indication that something is happening. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| If the expected pause is longer than 2 seconds, a progress bar or an animation is displayed. | [] | [] | [] | [] |) c |
| If the application has tabs, the most essential functionality is displayed in the first tab. | [] | [] | [] | [] | l Te |
| If more than five tabs are displayed, there is a list or grid for selecting a tab directly from the previous level of the navigation structure. | [] | [] | [] | [] | Checklis |
| If use of an application requires knowledge about multitasking, users are assisted in this. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| The application does not interfere with incoming calls, messages, or notifications. | [] | [] | [] | [] | j ot |
| If the user exits the application with the End key or Application key, the application does not close, but is switched to the background and paused, if necessary. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| From: Series 60 Developer Platform 2.0 |): Usa | bility G | uideli | nes Fo | or Enterprise Applications (Nokia Forum) |
| 16/07/04 LMU München M | ensch-l | Maschine- | Interakti | on 2 | SoSe04 Schmidt/Hußmann 39 |

| Guideline | True | Almost | False | N/A | |
|---|--------|----------|-----------|-------|---------------|
| When possible, alternative forms of information entering are used (for example, camera, microphone, drawing, etc.). | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| The application does not ask for data that it can find on its own. | [] | [] | [] | [] | = |
| Selection controls are preferred over text entry controls. | [] | [] | [] | [] | nfc |
| The application supports the copy/paste feature. | [] | [] | [] | [] | orn |
| The application provides reasonable default values for data requested from the user. | [] | [] | [] | [] | nformation |
| Predictive text entry is not used when entering something other than normal text. | [] | [] | [] | [] | ion |
| Fields in forms are grouped logically and presented in a natural sequence. | [] | [] | [] | [] | Ē |
| Common misspellings are accepted. | [] | [] | [] | [] | intry |
| The user is not forced to enter data that s/he might consider unimportant. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| When entering (small) numbers, the user can increase/decrease numbers with the navigation key. | [] | [] | [] | [] | Checkli |
| If possible, the application could learn from user input. | [] | [] | [] | [] | X |
| The user is not forced to guess the right format for information. | [] | [] | [] | [] | ist |
| Appropriateness of the application's graphics, language, colors, and features are checked with real users from target cultures. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| From: Series 60 Developer Platform 2.0: Usability Guide | | | | | (Nokia Forum) |
| 16/07/04 LMU München Mensch-Maschine-Interal | tion 2 | SoSe04 S | chmidt/Hu | ßmann | 40 |

| Guideline | True | Almost | False | N/A | |
|---|------|--------|-------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| The most important content is presented first. | [] | [] | [] | [] | _ |
| The amount of text in applications is minimal. | [] | [] | [] | [] | n n |
| The target users' native language is used. | [] | [] | [] | [] | í fo |
| Terminology familiar to target users is used instead of technical terminology. | [] | [] | [] | [] | nformation |
| Paragraphs and headings are used to make long text more readable. | [] | [] | [] | [] | าล |
| Simple, readable fonts are used. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| Text has good contrast with the background. | [] | [] | [] | [] | 9 S |
| The user is not forced to scroll long text row by row. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| In long text, scrolling speed gradually increases when the user holds button down. | [] | [] | [] | [] | Pro |
| Text is not right justified. | [] | [] | [] | [] | Ŭ. |
| Text is not ALL CAPS. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| Text is not truncated. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| Obscenity or foul language is not used. | [] | [] | [] | [] | [ໂລ |
| No essential information is displayed with icons only. Textual presentation of the information is also available. | [] | [] | [] | [] | entation |
| When information is displayed with different colors, they are clearly distinguishable from each other by different levels of contrast. | [] | [] | [] | [] | , Š |
| The user should be able to interrupt any sound with a key press. | [] | [] | [] | [] | ဂ |
| Sound is always used in conjunction with a visual indication. | [] | [] | [] | [] | |
| The user always has control over sounds. | [] | [] | [] | [] | ec |
| No sounds are played after the application has lost its focus. | [] | [] | [] | [] | Checkli |
| Pop-up messages are not overused. | [] | [] | [] | [] | Ē |
| From: Series 60 Developer Platform 2.0: Usa 16/07/04 LMU München N | | | | | hterprise Applications (Nokia Forum) |

| Guideline | Tr | ue | Alr | nost | Fa | lse | N, | /A | |
|--|--------|------|-----|------|-------|------|--------|-------|-----------------------|
| Short network coverage problems do not cause loss of users' work. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | |
| It is possible to view recently retrieved information without a network connection. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | 0 |
| Cached sending of information is enabled. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | ĕ |
| A confirmation dialog is displayed before actions that may incur a cost to the user. The exact price is displayed, if possible. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | nn |
| The application does not rely on the user to constantly refresh the information. Automatic connections can be enabled from the application's Settings menu. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | onnectivity Checklist |
| If automatic updating is not used, the application reminds the user, and preferably asks if s/he wants the information updated. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] |)ity |
| Terms referring to closing the application, establishing connection with the server, logging in or out, and reporting in for work orders are not confused with each other. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | , Ch |
| The current status is displayed clearly. For example, "Not connected," "Not logged in," or "Not reported in" display when appropriate. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | ecl |
| Feedback clearly communicates if an action succeeded or not. If possible, it also provides additional information. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | |
| Identifying the handset with IMEI or SIM is preferred over logging in with a password. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | Ä |
| The user is not forced to enter passwords repeatedly. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | |
| Sensitive data is stored with appropriate encryption. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | |
| The user is allowed to erase his/her data. | [|] | [|] | [|] | [|] | |
| From: Series 60 Developer Platform 2.0: Usability Guid | delir | ies | For | Ente | rpris | se A | \ppl | icati | ions (Nokia Forum) |
| 16/07/04 LMU München Mensch-Maschine-Inte | raktio | on 2 | So | Se04 | S | chm | idt/Hu | ıßma | nn 42 |

