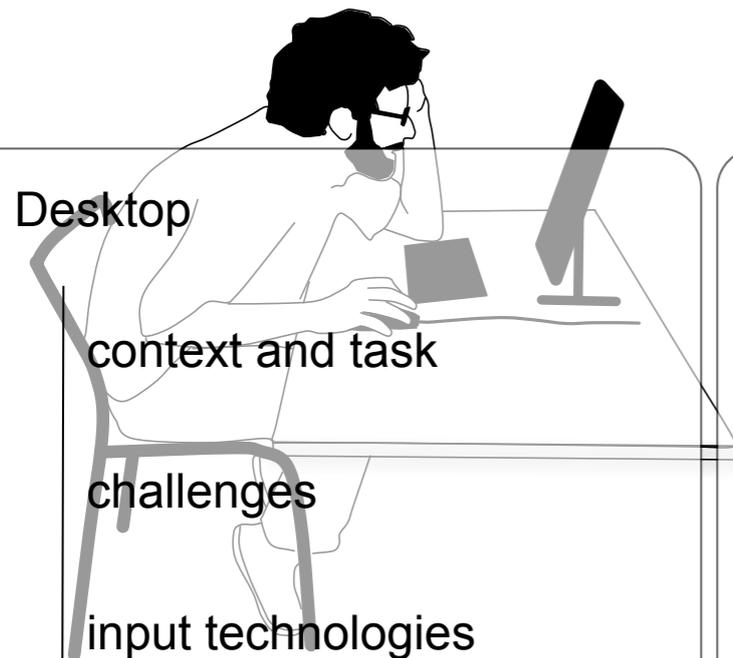


# Human-Computer Interaction

## Mobile Technologies

### Desktop Environments



Desktop

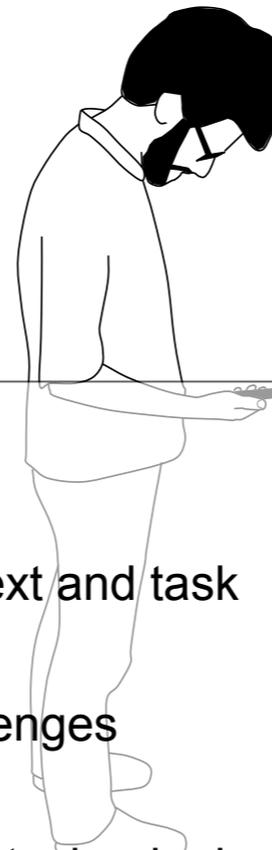
context and task

challenges

input technologies

challenges in interaction design

output technologies



Mobile

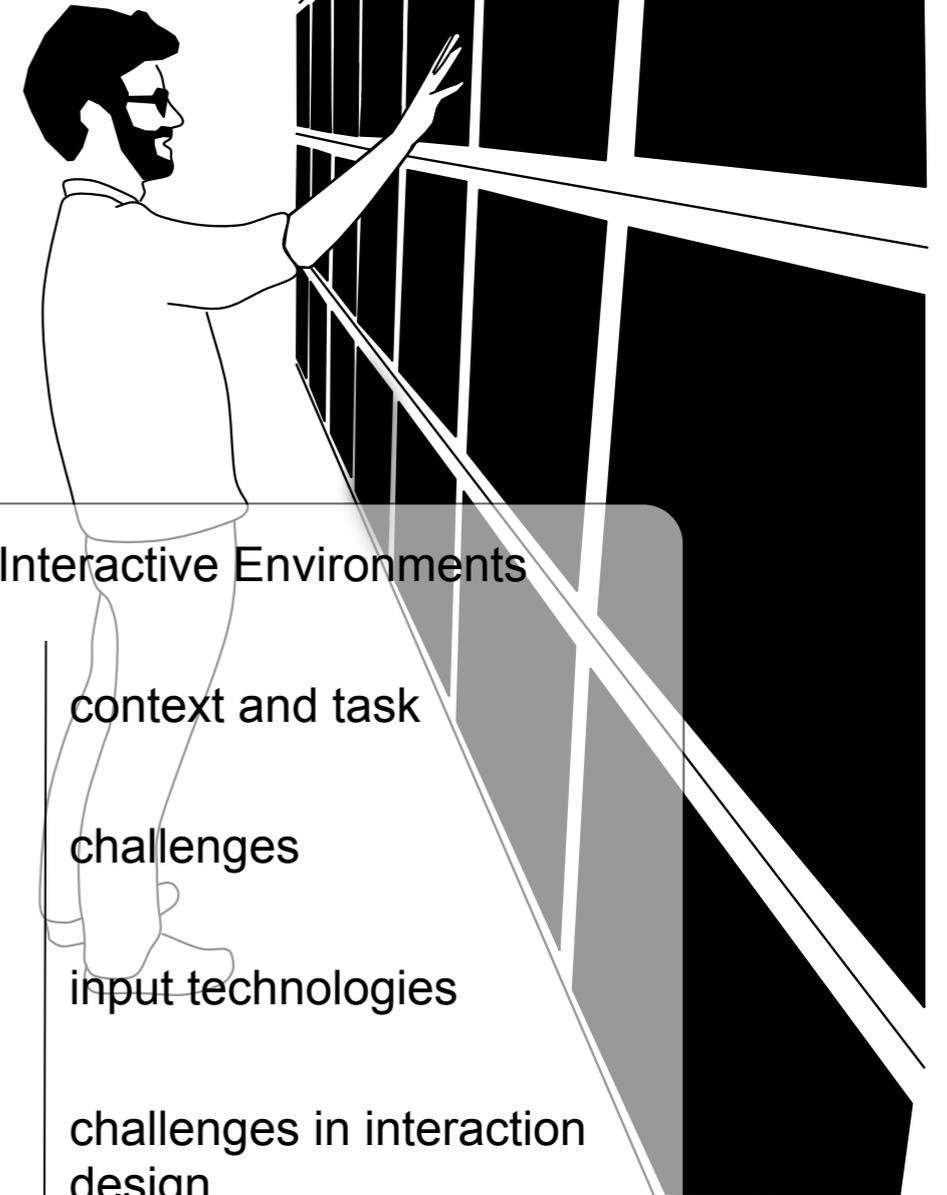
context and task

challenges

input technologies

challenges in interaction design

output technologies



Interactive Environments

context and task

challenges

input technologies

challenges in interaction design

output technologies

# Interactive Environments

**context and task**

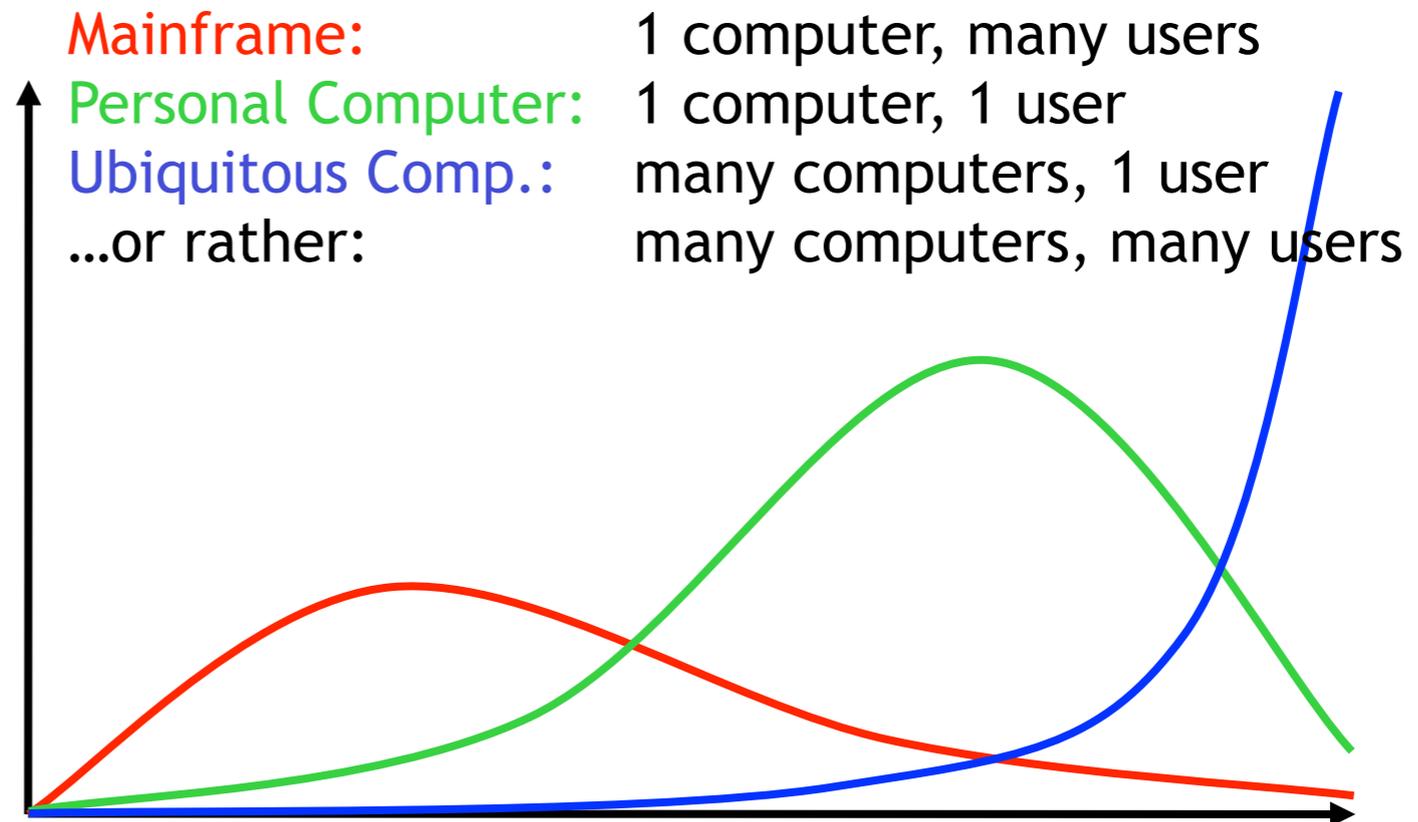
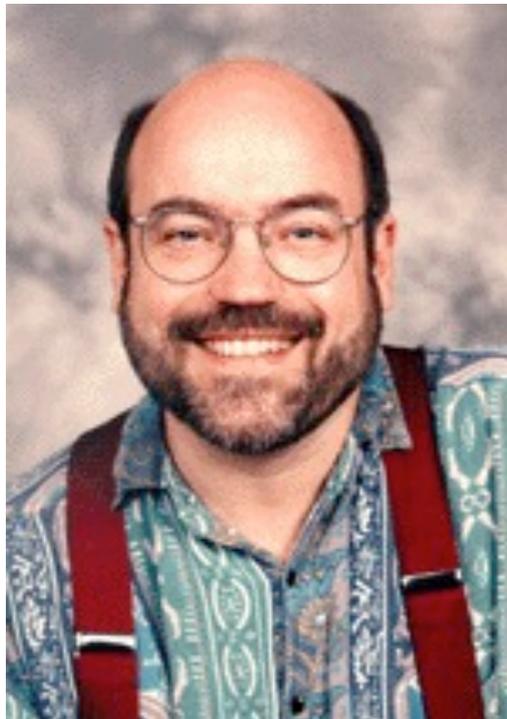
theory

interaction techniques

in/output technologies



# Post-PC Era or Ubiquitous Computing



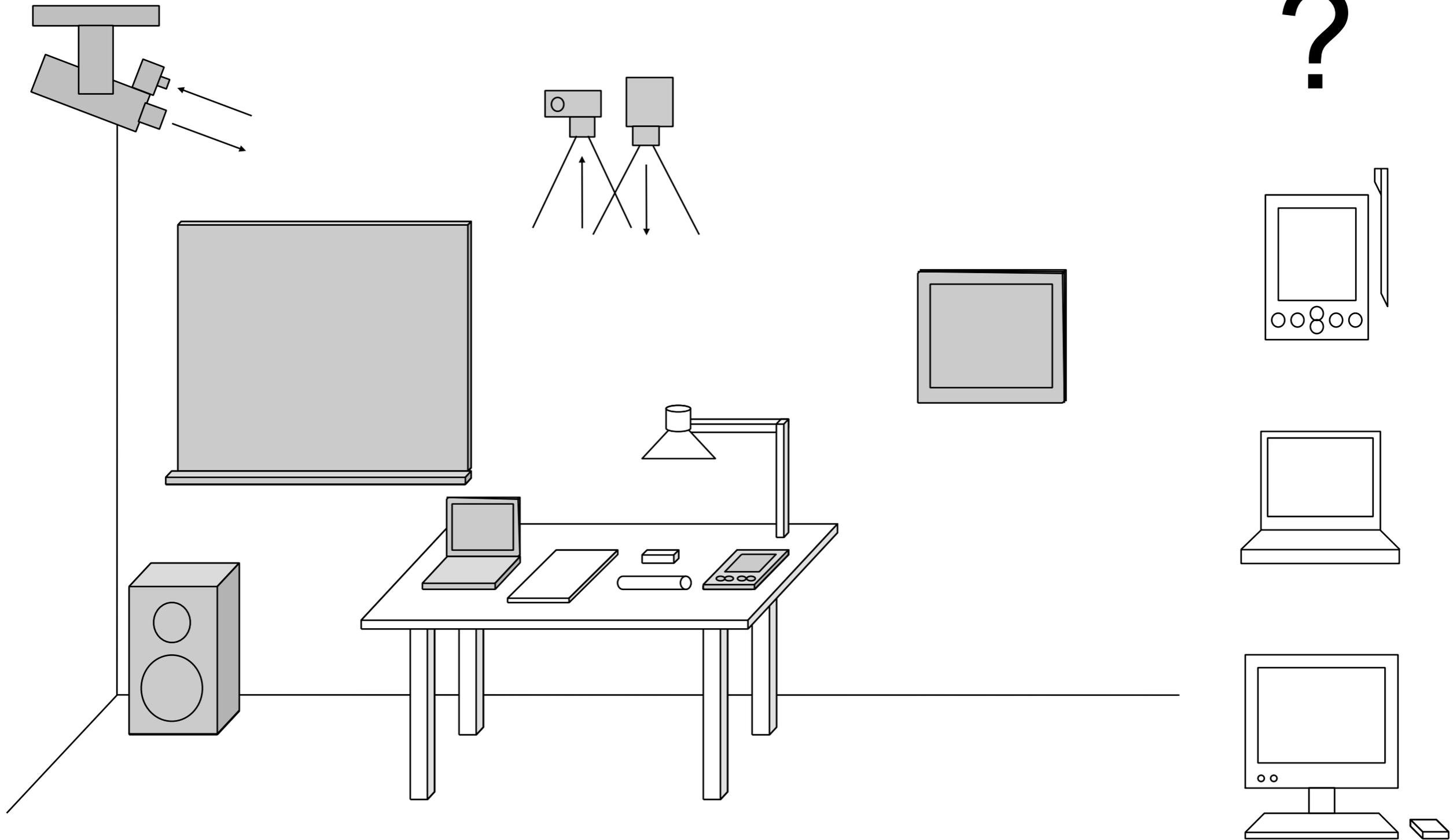
## Mark Weiser: What Ubiquitous Computing Isn't

Ubiquitous computing is roughly the opposite of virtual reality. Where virtual reality puts people inside a computer-generated world, ubiquitous computing forces the computer to live out here in the world with people.

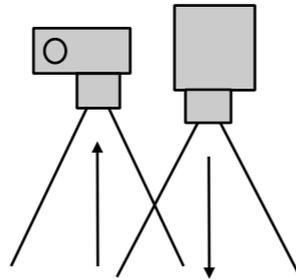
# Computer out here in the world: Instrumented Environments



# Instrumented Environments

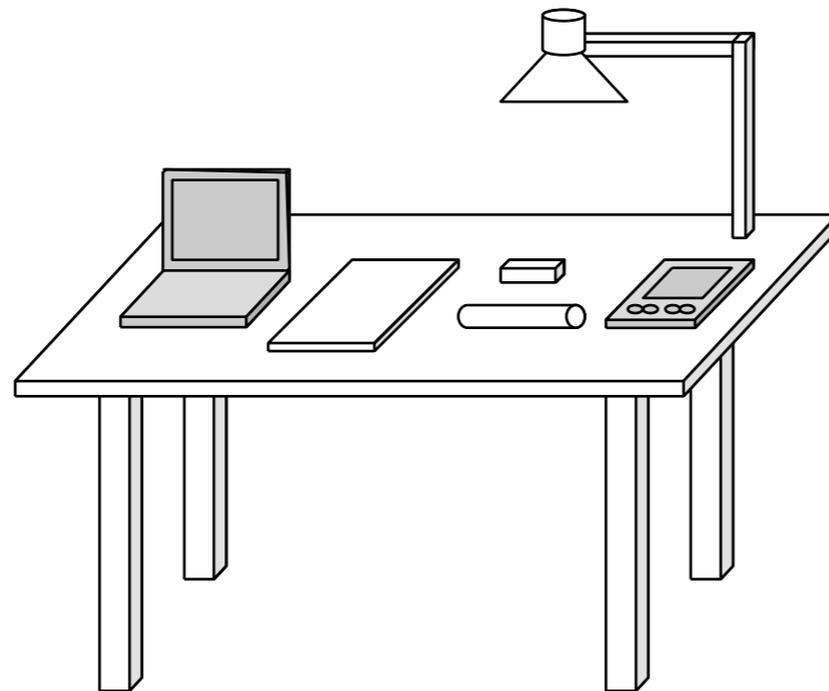


# Instrumented desk

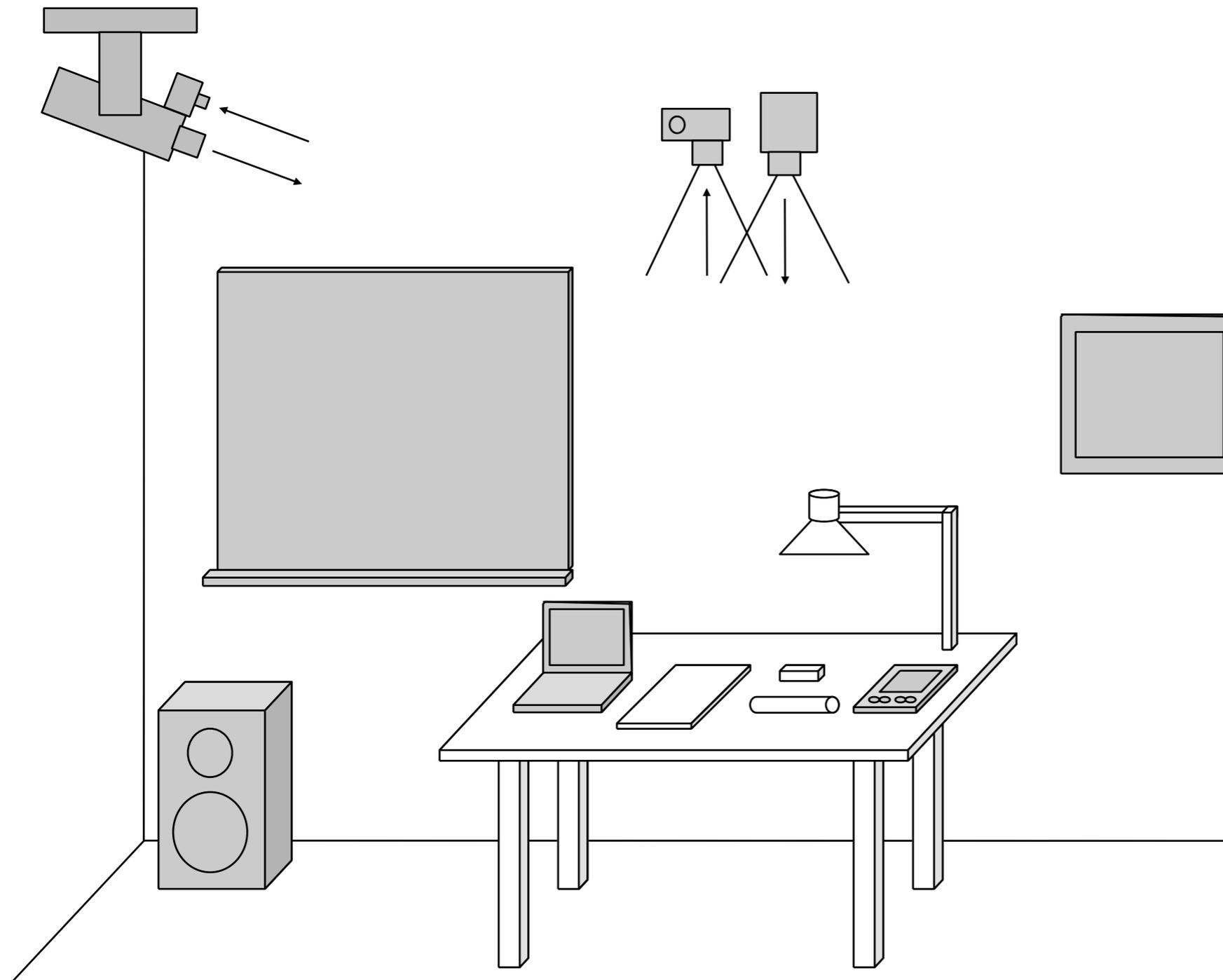


Research Topics:

- Borders between phys. and virtual world
- Interaction objects
- Physical tools for virtual media



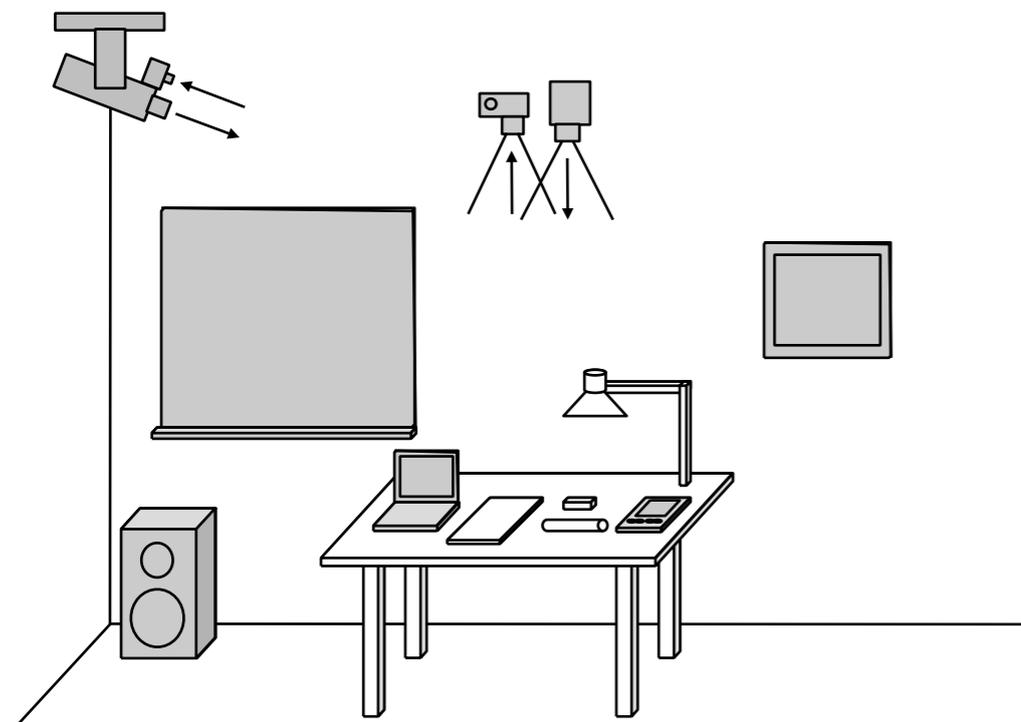
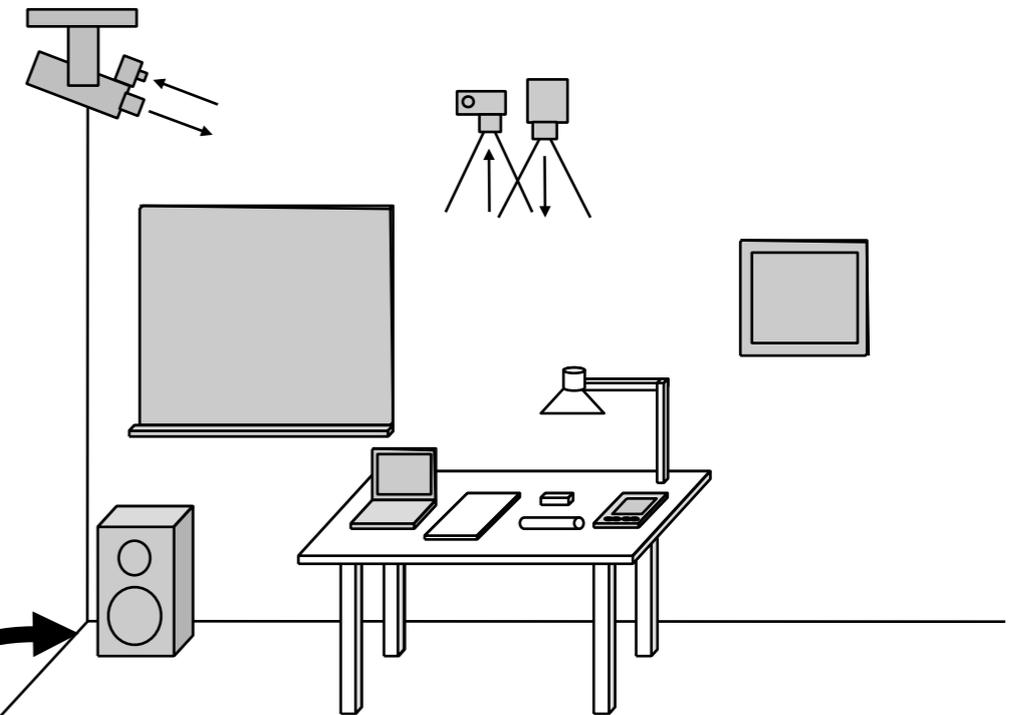
# Instrumented room



## Research Topics:

- Borders between phys. and virtual world
- Interaction objects
- Physical tools for virtual media
- Environment as display continuum (+ audio)
- Interaction with large displays
- Interaction with many different displays
- Ambient displays

# Instrumented building



- Interaction between different displays without line of sight
- place holder objects, transport metaphors
- interaction over distance

# Instrumented city



# Sci-Fi version of Instrumented Environments



# Interactive Environments



[http://joergmueller.info/lookingglass/ipd\\_files/glass\\_fig1.png](http://joergmueller.info/lookingglass/ipd_files/glass_fig1.png)

# Interactive Environments



[http://joergmueller.info/lookingglass/ipd\\_files/glass\\_fig1.png](http://joergmueller.info/lookingglass/ipd_files/glass_fig1.png)

context and  
task

theory

interaction  
techniques

in/output  
technologies

# Interactive Environments

- **support social activities**
- smart home environments
- control center and work places



# Supporting social activities with technology

**context and task**

**social**

theory

- community work

interaction techniques

- citizen activism

in/output technologies

- entertainment

# Community work in rural India

context and task

social

theory

interaction techniques

in/output technologies

- goal: support health workers employed in villages to persuade pregnant women to utilize health services
- problem:
  - resistance to change in the village
  - health workers have limited education and training for their task
- suggestion:
  - deploy short videos on mobile phones for motivation and persuasion
  - health workers record their own videos
- result: creation and use of videos help
  - engage village women in dialogue
  - health worker were more motivated and learning
  - motivate key community influencers to participate in promoting the health workers



Literature: Ramachandran et al.: *Mobile-izing Health Workers in Rural India*. CHI 2010

# Citizen Activism

context and  
task

social

theory

interaction  
techniques

in/output  
technologies

- Goal: understand what burglars look for when deciding to burglarize a home.
- Findings:
  - existing technologies such as security systems, alarms, and cameras do not dissuade burglars
  - “noisy neighbors” was named the strongest deterrent.

Literature: Sheena Lewis Errete: *Protecting the Home: Exploring the Roles of Technology and Citizen Activism from a Burglar’s Perspective*. CHI 2013

# Citizen Activism

context and  
task

- **Burglar's process:**

social

- choose a quiet suburban neighborhood

theory

- choose target: dress up as electricians, handymen, construction workers... etc. (1 burglar uses google earth)

interaction  
techniques

- choose entry point: “I'd just kick in the front door”, no concern about witnesses.

in/output  
technologies

- **High risk deterrents:**

- noisy neighbors: neighbors who talk to each other, ask how the burglar questions because they have not seen him before.

- “I prefer when neighbors don't communicate and don't call the police.”

Literature: Sheena Lewis Errete: *Protecting the Home: Exploring the Roles of Technology and Citizen Activism from a Burglar's Perspective*. CHI 2013

# Citizen Activism

context and  
task

social

theory

interaction  
techniques

in/output  
technologies

- most effort to stop burglars have focused on the physical area of the domestic space.
- findings suggest that technology should enhance interaction amongst neighbors and encourage citizen activism

Sometimes we focus on instrumenting our environment where an alternative solution might be to create a social cohesion and to support citizen engagement instead.

Literature: Sheena Lewis Errete: *Protecting the Home: Exploring the Roles of Technology and Citizen Activism from a Burglar's Perspective*. CHI 2013

context and task

social

theory

interaction techniques

in/output technologies

# Community-sourcing Vending Machine

- goal: get community to do expert work
  - grade Computer Science exams
- use touchscreen attached to a vending machine.
  - get physical reward from the machine
  - placed machine one week in a university building, 328 unique users completed 7771 tasks.
  - compared it to single expert grading
    - graded exams with 2% higher accuracy (at same price)
    - in comparison, Mechanical Turk workers had no success grading the same exams

**see chapter Crowdsourcing**



Literature: Heimerl, K. et al.: *Communitysourcing: Engaging Local Crowds to Perform Expert Work Via Physical Kiosks*. CHI 2012

context and  
task

social

theory

interaction  
techniques

in/output  
technologies

# Entertainment - hole in space (Galloway, 1980)



<http://www.medienkunstnetz.de/assets/img/data/2665/bild.jpg>

# Entertainment/Work - Media Spaces

context and  
task

social

- Results show that video links:
  - are effective for problem solving
  - enhance cooperation
  - enhance mutual trust and confidence
  - support new forms of communication in the virtual shared office

theory

interaction  
techniques

in/output  
technologies



Literature: Pagani and Mackay. (1993): *Bring media spaces into the real world.*  
ECSCW'93

# Entertainment- Manhattan Story Mashup

context and task

social

theory

interaction techniques

in/output technologies



<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3ozUNUTNMT4>

context and task

social

home

theory

interaction techniques

in/output technologies

# Interactive Environments

- support social activities
- **smart home environments**
- control center and work places



<http://www.toonbarn.com/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2011/08/Greatest-TV-Cartoon-Theme-Songs-7-The-Jetsons.jpg>

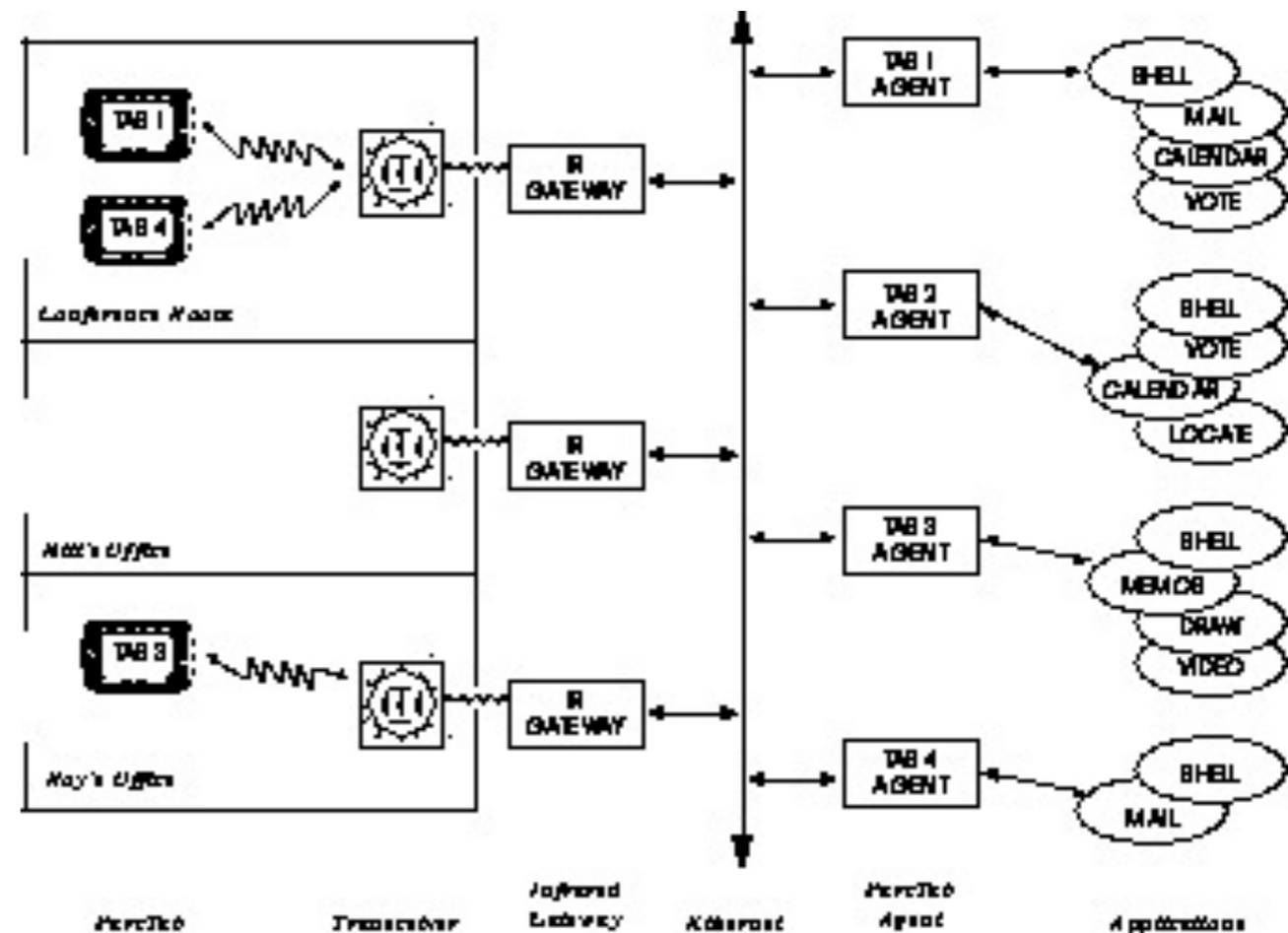
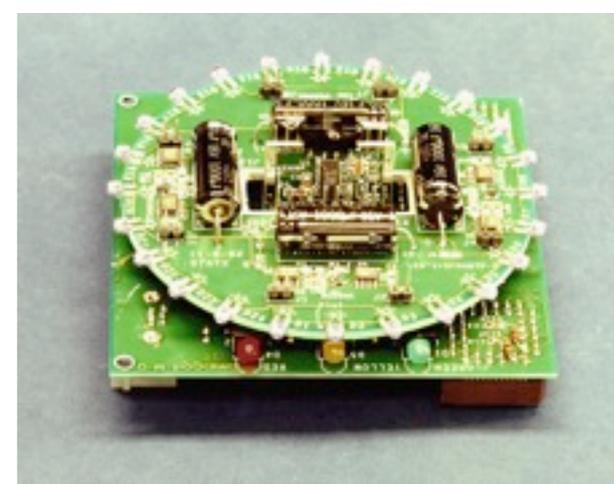
# Possible interaction models

- strictly tool-based --> appliances
  - Human is the cause of all action
  - Tools just facilitate these actions
- automation, assisted living
  - Things happen magically by themselves
  - Controlled by machine intelligence in the background
- proactivity, intelligent agents
  - Environment takes the initiative
  - Manifestation through a conversational agent

# Xerox ParcTab (1995)

<https://www.parc.com/publication/583/overview-of-the-parctab-ubiquitous-computing-experiment.html>

- Infrared network
  - Base stations in the ceiling
- Each base station was controlled by a IR gateway
- Each tab represented by a SW agent (tab agent)
- Applications written in
  - modula-3
  - Tcl/Tk
  - Using MacTabit (~VNC)
- various types of interaction:
  - across multiple displays
  - context-dependent interaction
  - voting in presentations



# Tabs, pads and boards (the Xerox ParcTab project)



Tabs



Pads



Boards

# Tabs, pads...

- Tabs, inch-sized (1 Inch = 2.54 cm)
  - small handheld networked devices
- See also Active badges
  - specialized tabs, enable localization
- Pads, foot-sized (1 Foot = 30.47 cm)
  - mixture of laptop, palmtop, sheet of paper
- Introduced the concept of a disposable computer, no identity, impersonal
- Provide a solution to the lack of space on windows based systems

## ...and boards

- Boards, yard-sized (1 Yard = 0.914 m)
  - used as chalk boards, TVs, display boards
- Power of Ubicomp stems from the interaction of all devices.
- Ubicomp can „awake“ lifeless things (books, overhead slides, etc.)
- Problem: today it's easier to read a book than to sit down at a complicated Personal Computer
- Transition will happen in small steps

**context and  
task**

social

**home**

theory

interaction  
techniques

in/output  
technologies

# Georgia Tech: Aware Home

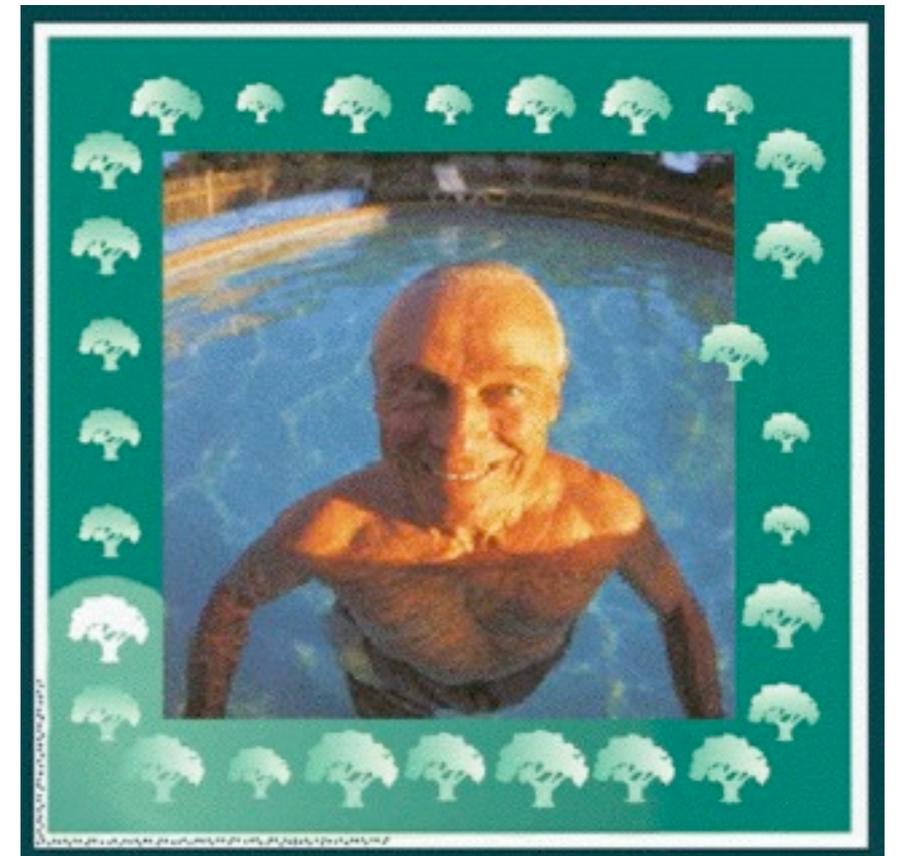
- ...a classic. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aeAWrA5fajk>



# Digital Family Portrait

(Mynatt et al. CHI 01)

- In the “Aware home”
- Lets people “keep an eye” on others
- Balance betw. privacy and contact
- Icons around the frame indicate health, activity or relationships
- 28 icons on 4 sides = 4 weeks
- Position and size carry a meaning



# Mediacup (1999) <http://mediacup.teco.edu>

- Cup sensing temperature, weight and movement
- Location of cups detected
- Detected interaction:
  - Presence of multiple people in a room, all cups warm → mark room as occupied for a meeting



# The Virtual Room Inhabitant (2005)

<http://w5.cs.uni-sb.de/staff/show/mkruppa>

- personalized interface to an instrumented environment
- animated figure „inhabitating“ the room
  - can appear on screens
  - can jump out of screens and run along walls
  - can explain the environment and point out functionality
- prototype implemented
  - scripted animations
  - synthesized speech
  - gestures & speech
  - using a steerable projector



# HWRS at KAIST: Instrumented Bedroom

- Support for elderly and disabled people
  - Robot person lift
  - Robot wheelchair
  - Robot bed
  - Fridge/oven combi
  - Sensing mattress
- Interface:
  - Control via voice input
  - Feedback via talking head („yes, master..“)
  - Gesture input (e.g., for TV for spastic patients)

<http://koasas.kaist.ac.kr/m/items-by-publisher?publisher=HWRS>



# Instrumented Bedroom (2)



- Patient can move between bed and wheelchair
  - Wheelchair will come automatically
  - Lift will act on commands
  - Bed will adapt shape on command
  - Fridge will heat up meal
- Sensing mattress can tell whether...
  - patient is in right position
  - patient has fallen off
- Safety + self-determined life
  - Nurse not constantly needed
  - Environment can call if there seems to be a problem
  - Sense of Mastery („yes, master..“)

<http://hwrs.kaist.ac.kr/>

# RWTH Aachen: eHealth

context and task

social

home

theory

interaction techniques

in/output technologies



<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IAnmpswTCa0>

context and task

social

home

theory

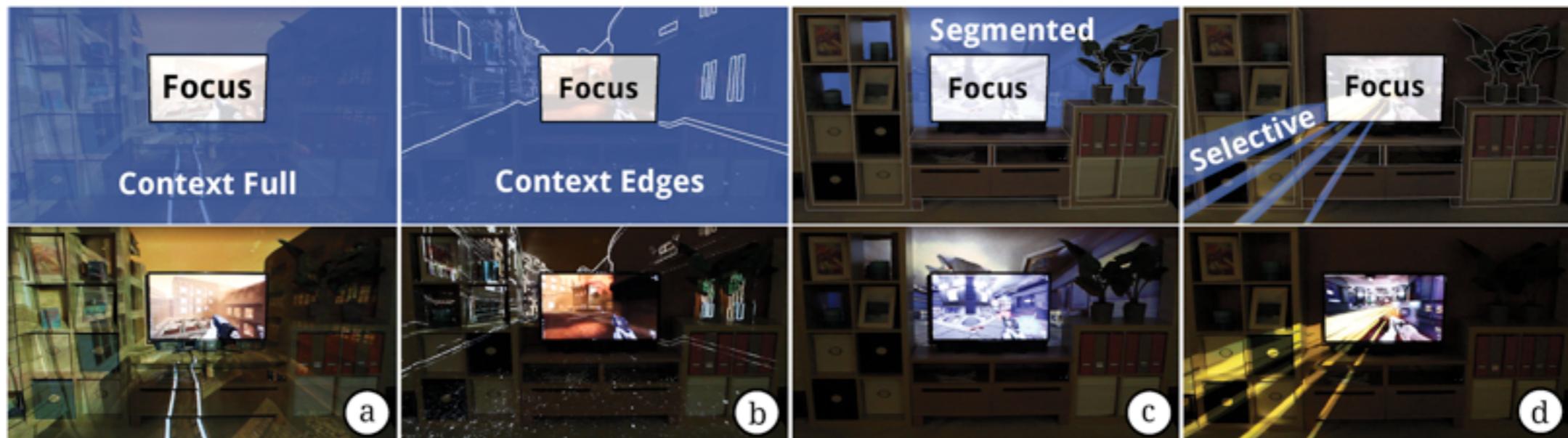
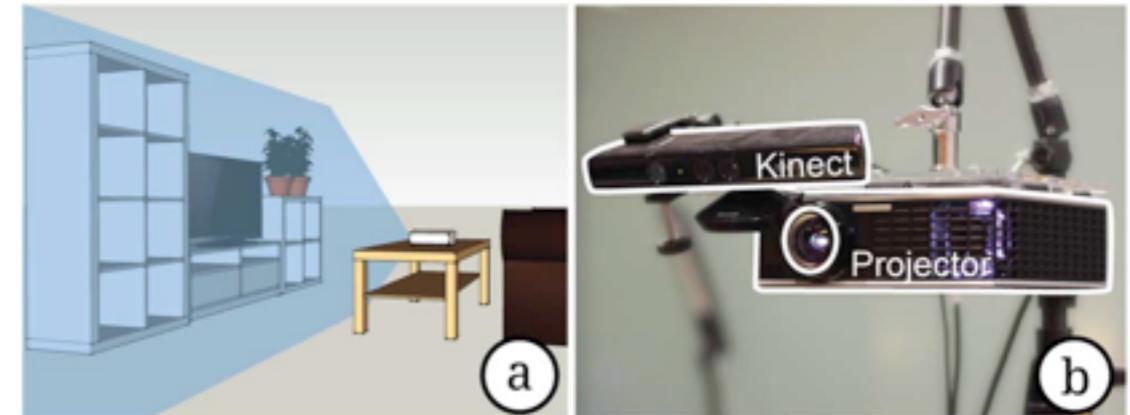
interaction techniques

in/output technologies

# IllumiRoom

- augment the area surrounding a television
- enhance game experience
  - peripheral projected illusions
  - include apparent motion
  - extend field of view

see spatial augmented reality chapter



Literature: Jones B. et al.: *IllumniRoom: Peripheral Projected Illusions for Interactive Experiences*, CHI 2013

context and  
task

social

home

**work**

theory

interaction  
techniques

in/output  
technologies

# Interactive Environments

- support social activities
- smart home environments
- **control center and work places**



<http://images.kino.de/fbilder/max04/auto04/auto43/04430351/b640x600.jpg>

# Challenges

**context and  
task**

social

home

**work**

theory

interaction  
techniques

in/output  
technologies

- large data sets:
  - visualization
  - manipulation
- collaboration

# Interactive Work Environments - vision and reality

context and  
task

social

home

work

theory

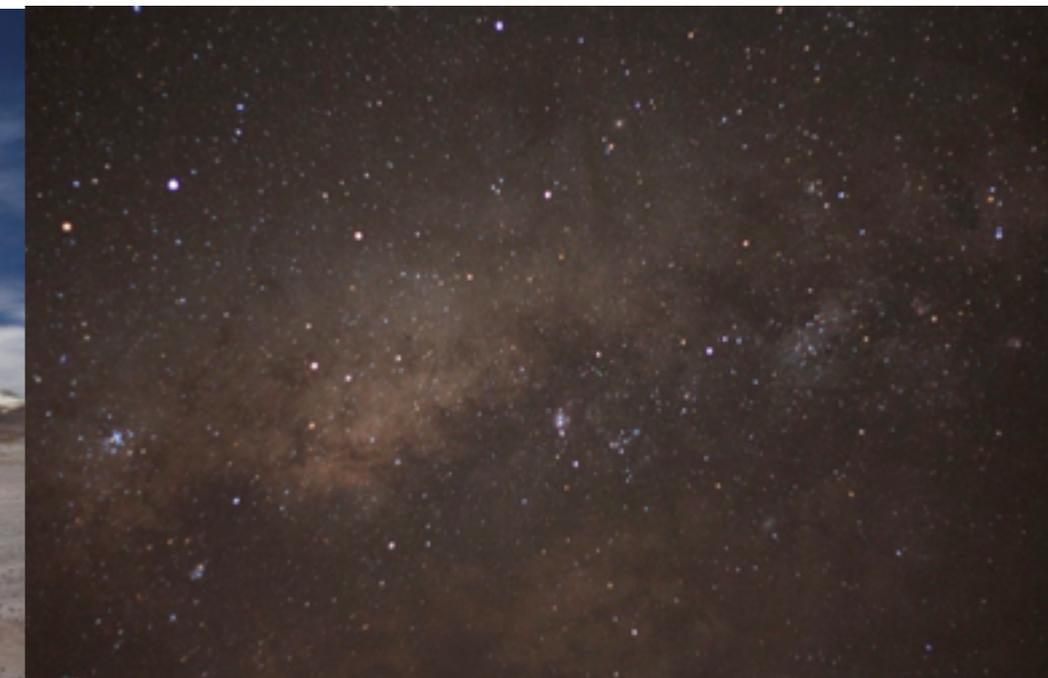
interaction  
techniques

in/output  
technologies

- NASA
- ALMA - largest astronomical project



[0124-0609-2010-0605\\_monitor\\_data\\_at\\_the\\_shuttle\\_flight\\_control\\_room\\_m.jpg](#)



<http://pages.saclay.inria.fr/emmanuel.pietriga/pictures/alma2012/>

# Interactive Walls in Research

context and task

social

home

work

theory

interaction techniques

in/output technologies

- HyperWall at UCSD
- WILD in Paris

see chapter mid-air pointing on large displays



<https://www.lri.fr/~mbi/WILD/>

# Interactive Walls in Research

**context and task**

social

home

**work**

theory

interaction techniques

in/output technologies



<https://www.lri.fr/~mbi/WILD/>

# Roomware (1999)

another classic...

Streitz et al. <http://www.smart-future.net/13.html>



# Connectable Displays

Streitz et al., FhG



Single usage



Connected usage

# Take-home points

**context and task**

social

home

**work**

theory

interaction techniques

in/output technologies

- Instrumented environments...
  - ...have been a vision for a long time
    - smart homes
    - smart work environments
  - ...have partially become everyday reality
    - supporting people by technology
  - ...can involve multiple...
    - ...displays, devices, sensors
    - ...people, objects, spaces
    - ...senses, modalities
- They provide a large potential, but also new challenges!

# Outlook on the rest of the semester

context and  
task

- 3.12. Environment 1: context and tasks

social

- 10.12. Environment 2: theory

home

- 17.12. Christmas lecture

– bring snacks, have fun! ;-)

work

- 7.1. Environment 3: Interaction techniques

theory

- 14.1. Environment 4: I/O Technologies

interaction  
techniques

- 21.1. Guest lecture by Dr. Martin Knobel (BMW):

– User Experience Design

in/output  
technologies

- 28.1. Time buffer
  - remaining open topics
  - questions about exam