

Hauptseminar Medieninformatik

Summer term 2021

Sven Mayer, Francesco Chiossi, Sylvia Rothe, Robin Welsch

Team



Sven Mayer



Francesco Chiossi



Sylvia Rothe



Robin Welsch

Contact:

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Information

What you need

- master student in Media Informatics, Computer Science, HCI
- English skills

What you get

- 2 SWS / 6 ECTS
- experience in scientific writing and research
- Website: http://www.medien.ifi.lmu.de/lehre/ss21/hs/
- Discord: https://discord.gg/EHUxcAp88p

Housekeeping

- Have yourself muted if you are not speaking
- Always have your video on if possible. Its nicer for everyone.
- Please respect others' presentation and intellectual property. No recording. No second usage.
 - Strongly punished: expelled from the course
 - Link to official policy: http://www.medien.ifi.lmu.de/online-lehre/ifi-statement.xhtml.de

Agenda

Goals

- Topic Assignment
- Organization
- Scientific Publishing
- Scientific Literature Review
- How to Write a Research Paper
- Write a Review

Goals

- Select / be assigned to a research topic today
- Work independently on your topic over the next weeks
- Write a scientific paper (6-8 pages, excluding references)
- Review two fellow students' papers
- Give a 60s pitch
- Final presentation (7min talk + 3min discussion)

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Topics

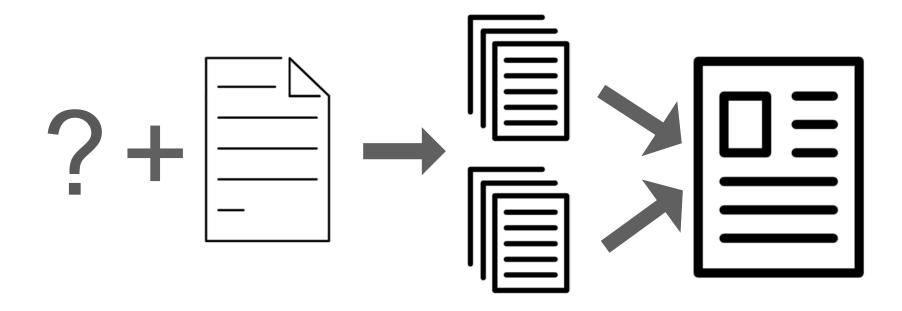
See topics in extra slide deck

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Process

Research topic > find literature > write paper > review > improve paper > present



Hauptseminar Medieninformatik - SS21

Timeline

13.04.21	Kick-Off	session – distribution of topics
30.04.21	1st draft paper submission	get feedback meet your supervisor before!
02.05.21	60s pitch slides submission	
04.05.21	60s pitches	session – pitches with collective feedback
30.05.21	Full paper submission	
06.06.21	Review submission	
10.06.21	Distribution of reviews and meta-reviews	
04.07.21	Final paper submission	get feedback meet your supervisor before!
04.07.21	1st draft slides submission	
11.07.21	Final slides submission	practice talk with your supervisor!
13.07.21	Final presentation	(6h long) session – final presentations, 13:00 - 19:00

Presentations - Time and Location

- Short pitch presentations:
 - Tuesday, 04.05.21 (16:00 18:00), Zoom
- Final presentation sessions:
 - Tuesday, 13.07.21 (13:00 19:00), Zoom

Paper – Outline & Abstract

- Interesting title (not just the research topic)
- Abstract ~150 words
- Section headings + bullet points
- Putting effort into a good outline saves time and effort later

The Name of the Title is Hope

Max Mustermann Max.Mustermann@lmu.de LMU Munich Munich, German

ABSTRACT

A clear and well-documented LFTgX document is presented as an article formatted for publication by ACM in a conference proceedings or journal publication. Based on the "acmart" document class, this article presents and explains many of the common variations, as well as many of the formatting elements an author may use in the preparation of the documentation of their work.

CCS CONCEPTS

Human-centered computing → Touch screens.

KEYWORDS

datasets, neural networks, gaze detection, text tagging

Max Mustermann, 2021. The Name of the Title is Hope. In Proseminar Media Informatics WS20/21, Munich, Germany. ACM, New York, NY, USA, 4 pages.

1 INTRODUCTION

ACM's consolidated article template, introduced in 2017, provides a consistent LATEX style for use across ACM publications, and incorporates accessibility and metadata-extraction functionality necessary for future Digital Library endeavors. Numerous ACM and SIG-specific ISTEX templates have been examined, and their unique features incorporated into this single new template.

If you are new to publishing with ACM, this document is a valuable guide to the process of preparing your work for publication. If you have published with ACM before, this document provides insight and instruction into more recent changes to the article

The "acmart" document class can be used to prepare articles for any ACM publication - conference or journal, and for any stage of publication, from review to final "camera-ready" copy, to the author's own version, with very few changes to the source.

2 TITLE INFORMATION

The title of your work should use capital letters appropriately https://capitalizemytitle.com/ has useful rules for capitalization. Use the title command to define the title of your work. If your work has a subtitle, define it with the subtitle command. Do not insert line breaks in your title.

If your title is lengthy, you must define a short version to be used in the page headers, to prevent overlapping text. The title command has a "short title" parameter.

\title[short title](full title) 3 AUTHORS AND AFFILIATIONS

Each author must be defined separately for accurate metadata identi fication. Multiple authors may share one affiliation. Authors' names should not be abbreviated; use full first names wherever possible. Include authors' e-mail addresses whenever possible.

Grouping authors' names or e-mail addresses, or providing an "e-mail alias," as shown below, is not acceptable:

\author(Brooke Aster, David Mehldau) \email(dave.judy.steveθuniversity.edu)

\email(firstname.lastname@phillips.org)

The authornote and authornotemark commands allow a not to apply to multiple authors — for example, if the first two authors

of an article contributed equally to the work. If your author list is lengthy, you must define a shortened version of the list of authors to be used in the page headers, to prevent

overlapping text. The following command should be placed just after the last \author() definition: \renewcommand(\shortauthors)(McCartney, et al.)

Omitting this command will force the use of a concatenated list of

all of the authors' names, which may result in overlapping text in the page headers. The article template's documentation, available at https://www

acm.org/publications/proceedings-template, has a complete explanation of these commands and tips for their effective use Note that authors' addresses are mandatory for journal articles

4 CCS CONCEPTS AND USER-DEFINED

KEYWORDS

Two elements of the "acmart" document class provide powerful taxonomic tools for you to help readers find your work in an online

The ACM Computing Classification System - https://www.acm org/publications/class-2012 - is a set of classifiers and concepts that describe the computing discipline. Authors can select entr from this classification system, via https://dl.acm.org/ccs/ccs.cfm

User-defined keywords are a comma-separated list of words and phrases of the authors' choosing, providing a more flexible way of

describing the research being presented.

CCS concepts and user-defined keywords are required for for all articles over two pages in length, and are optional for one- and two-page articles (or abstracts).

- Submission: Outline & Abstract in template as one PDF using the template
- LaTeX template [1] (A modified version of the ACM SIGCHI Conference template)
 - Remove placeholder text and images!

[1] http://www.medien.ifi.lmu.de/lehre/ss21/hs/material/template.zip

Pitch Presentation

- Introduce your topic in 60 seconds (in English)
 - Check out pitch guidelines [1]
 - Also check out "3 Minute Thesis"
- Max 3 slides
 - PDF format no animations

^{[1] &}lt;a href="https://mindfulsalestraining.net/pitch-your-idea-in-90-seconds-or-less/">https://mindfulsalestraining.net/pitch-your-idea-in-90-seconds-or-less/

Final Paper Submission

- 6-8 pages in English
 - excluding references
- Use figures, diagrams, and images to illustrate
 - Refer to them in text!
- Submission: PDF

Presentation

- 7 min presentation (in English)
- 3 min discussion (in English)
- No slide template be creative!
 - Many tips on the web, e.g. [1]
 - Very good book: Zen oder die Kunst der Präsentation [2]
 - Max. 10 words per slide Use figures and diagrams!
- Anticipate questions

^[1] https://lifehacker.com/how-to-create-presentations-that-dont-suck-5810271

^[2] https://opac.ub.uni-muenchen.de/TouchPoint/perma.do?g=+0%3D%224821872%22+IN+%5B2%5D&v=sunrise&l=de

Evaluation

- Checklist
 - Structure
 - Extent
 - Citation
 - Abstract
 - Language
 - Design
 - Goal description/contribution
 - Related work
 - Innovation
 - Coherence

All 4 submissions (short presentation slides, outline, final presentation slides, and paper) have to be submitted completely and in time

Incomplete or delayed submission may not be considered

Paper: 67%

Presentation: 33%

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Aim of scientific research

"Research is a **process of steps** used to collect and analyze **information** to **increase** our **understanding** of a topic or issue" (Creswell 2008)

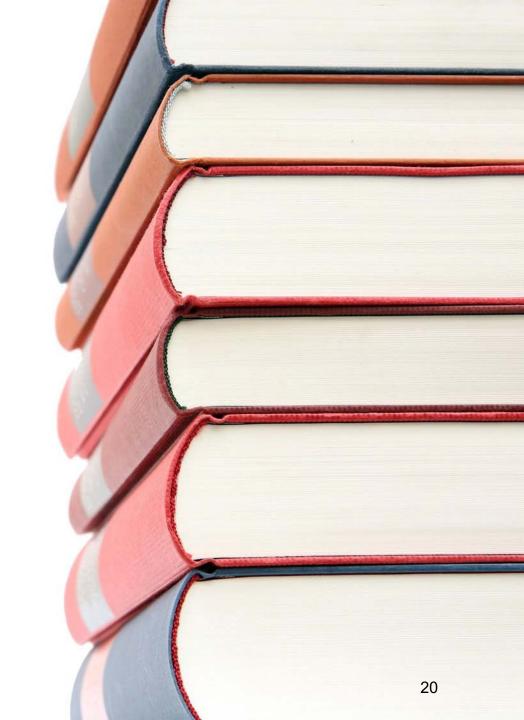
Systematic process of steps

- Pose a question (research question & research gap)
- Collect data to answer the question
- Present a proofed answer to the question



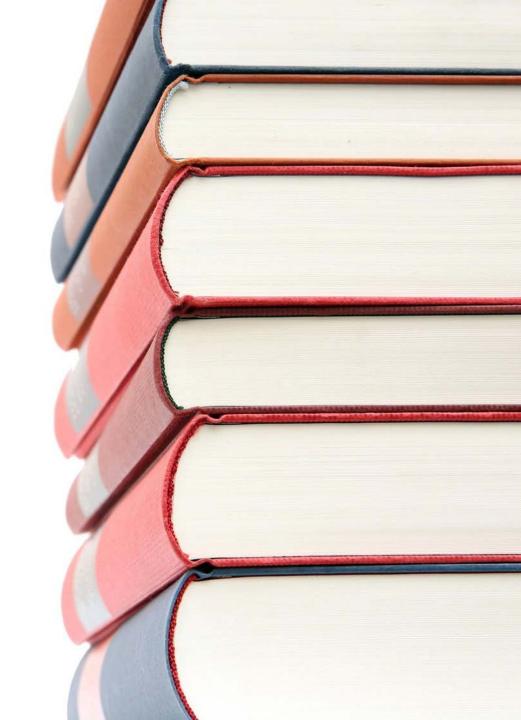
Distributing knowledge

- Books
- Articles in journals
- Articles in conferences
- Thesis (Bachelor, Master, PhD)
- Internet sources (e.g. blogs, Wikipedia)
- Talks and lectures
- Personal communication
- Patents



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- Internet sources (e.g. blogs, Wikipedia)
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- Personal communication
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Conference Publication Formats in HCI









Book Chapter (Profound Topic Description)

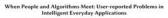
Journal Articles (Profound Research Project)

Full Paper (Complete Research Work)

Extended Abstract (Late Breaking Works / Demos)

Peer review R AC R Subcommittee AC R R Subcommittee AC Conference R Submission Subcommittee AC R Tool R AC Subcommittee R R AC Subcommittee R AC R

Peer review







Peer review



ISTRACT

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OCS CONCEPTS

KEYWORDS

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1 INTRODUCTION

Algorithms decision making has permeated many interactive systems that people on or a faith basis p. 20 film consummations, would entwolve the analysis of the constraint of the constraint of the constraint of the constraint of the condense that the constraint of the constraint of the condense that the constraint of the constraint of the contractive constraints, such as the delitties to provide the flast with companion, such as the delitties to provide the constraints on the plant to be of part of the value of the constraints of the constraints of the constraints of the contractive constraints of the constraints of the contractive constraints of the constraints of the contractive concervant contractive contractive contractive contractive concervant contractive contractive concervant con

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(i) What had been do soon encounter when unity intilligen
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(ii) What find of apport do soon sout for which problem?

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Double Blind Peer Review





Scientific Conferences in HCI



- Human Factors in Computing Systems (CHI)
- ACM Conference on Computer-Supported Collaborative Work & Social Computing (CSCW)
- ACM Conference on Pervasive and Ubiquitous Computing (UbiComp)
- ACM Symposium on User Interfaces Software and Technology (UIST)
- ACM/IEEE International Conference on Human Robot Interaction (HRI)
- Conference on Designing Interactive Systems (DIS)
- International Conference on Multimodal Interfaces (ICMI)
- MobileHCI
- International Conference on Intelligent User Interfaces (IUI)
- •









Scientific Conferences in HCI

Specific topics

- IEEE Conference on Virtual Reality and 3D User Interfaces (IEEE VR)
- International Conference on Tangible, Embedded and Embodied Interaction (TEI)
- International ACM Conference on Automotive User
 Interfaces and Interactive Vehicular Applications (AutoUI)
- ACM International Symposium on Pervasive Displays (PerDis)
- Symposium on Usable Privacy and Security (SOUPS)







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Research in General

- Starting point for your work: your topic
 - First orientation
 - Look for synonyms, leading researchers, frequently cited literature
 - Some source can NOT be used (e.g., online articles without author, contributions in online communities, Wikipedia)
 - References: Papers, conference proceedings, journals, books, and online sources with author and date of access

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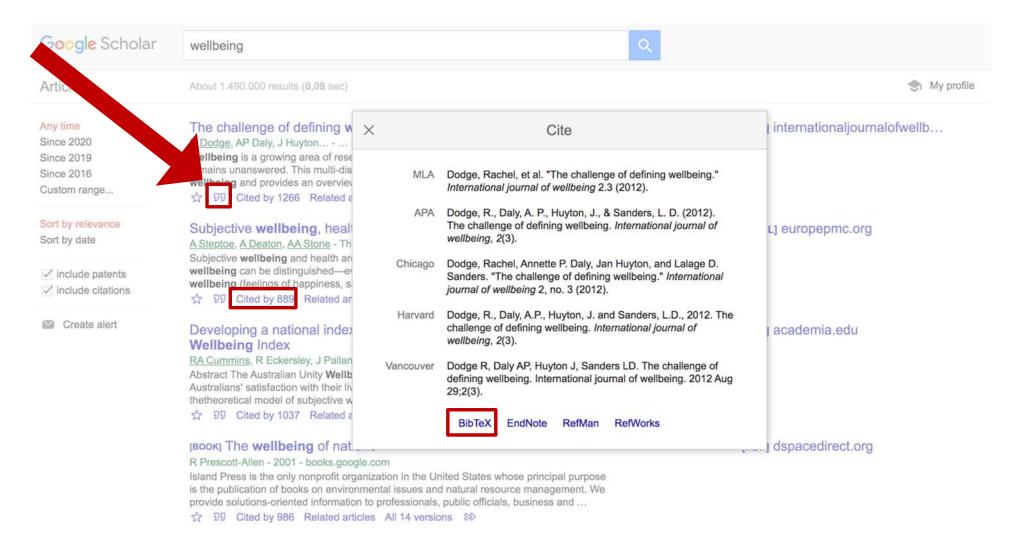
Finding Literature

- Almost all literature is available online!
 - Google/Google Scholar (http://scholar.google.com)
 - ACM Digital Library (https://dl.acm.org/)
 - Citeseer (<u>http://citeseer.ist.psu.edu</u>)
 - IEEE Xplore (http://ieeexplore.ieee.org)
 - Springer (<u>https://link.springer.com</u>)
 - Elsevier (<u>https://www.elsevier.com/catalog</u>)
 - ScienceDirect (<u>www.sciencedirect.com</u>)
 - Semantic Scholar (https://www.semanticscholar.org/)
 - Microsoft Academic (https://academic.microsoft.com)
 - OPAC der Universitätsbibliothek (http://opacplus.ub.uni-muenchen.de)
- For the full functionality log in at
 - "LMU E-Medien-Login/Datenbanken"
 - and find the needed library (e.g., ACM DL)

E-Medien-Login der Universitätsbibliothek
Der Zugang zu den elektronischen Medien für Mitglieder der LMU

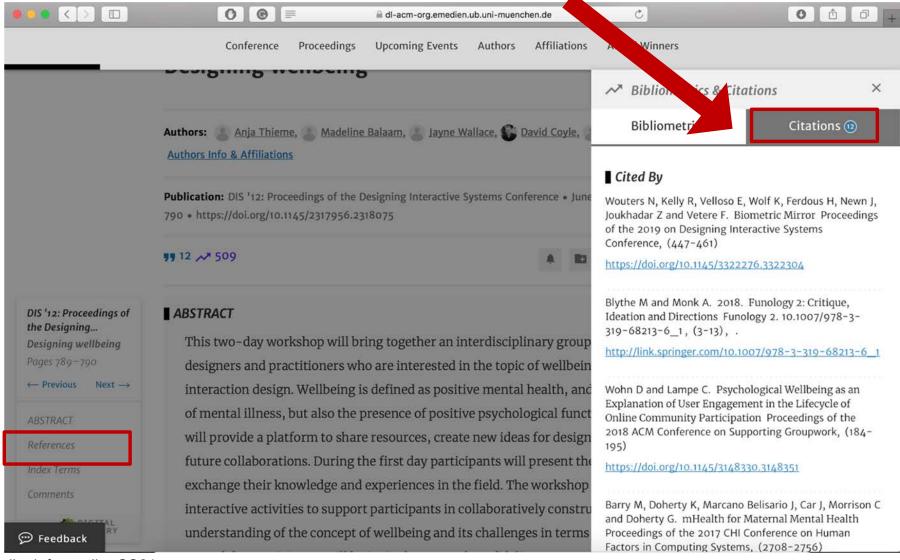
- Elektronische Zeitschriften (EZB / Elektronische Zeitschriftenbibliothek)
- Datenbanken (DBIS / Datenbank-Infosystem)
- Online-Katalog (OPAC) inkl. E-Books

Finding Literature (Google Scholar)



Hauptseminar Medieninformatik - SS21

Finding Literature (ACM Digital Library)



HCI Flagship Publications

- Conference (SIGCHI [1]):
 - CHI
 - CSCW
 - UIST
 - IUI
 - MobileHCI
 - DIS
 - ISS
 -

- Journal:
 - TOCHI
 - IJHCS
 - CSCW
 - IWC
 - IMWUT (formerly UbiComp)
 -

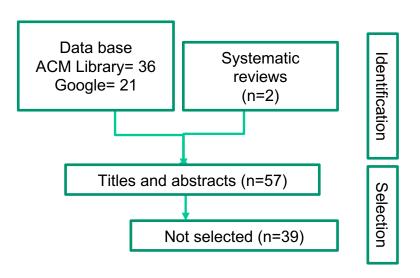
^[1] https://sigchi.org/conferences/upcoming-conferences/

Systematic Review

1. Review question: clearly stated objectives (may include secondary ones)

2. Literature search:

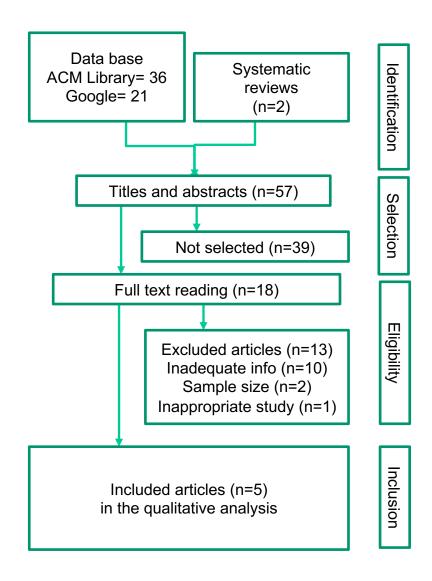
- Comprehensive literature search conducted
- Searched information sources listed (i.e., ACM Library)
- Keywords used for electronic literature search provided ("tech and wellbeing")
- Manual search conducted through references of articles, abstracts



Systematic Review

3. Data Abstraction*:

- Structured data abstraction form used
- Disagreements listed between authors and how they were resolved
- Characteristics of studies listed (ie, manuscript type, keyword interpretation)
- Inclusion and exclusion criteria provided for studies
- Number of excluded studies and reasons for exclusion included
- Variables of interest (primary and secondary variables)



Systematic Review

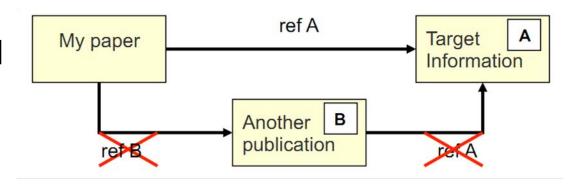
- You do NOT necessarily follow all steps.
- Five GOOD papers are essential in your review.
- More Reading Material:
 - ACM Computing Surveys [1]

Why should I care about citations?

- Copyright / intellectual property
- Foundation of scientific work
- Citations links belonging work together
- Reader needs all the information you had to check if you are correct

Citations

- Quotation
 - Direct (in quotation marks) -> "text text" [1]
 - Indirect -> Mustermann et al. [1]
 - No secondary citation



- Wikipedia: not citable (but good for quick research)
- Citation style:

http://www.medien.ifi.lmu.de/studierende/abschlussarbeiten/master/richtlinien.xhtml #zitate-und-quellenangaben

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How to write a paper - Story

Classic paper

- What problem did you solve?
- Why and how?
- VS.

Survey (in this seminar)

- Introduce research topic
- State of the art

ogical structure

 $Abstract \ \ \, \text{Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur sadipscing elitr, sed}$

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Introduction Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur sadipscing

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Conclusion Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur sadipscing elitr,

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How to write a paper - Example structure

Short, appealing **summary** of this paper.

Context and **aims** in the research field. Structure and approach of this paper.

Historical development. Definitions, terminology, background. Different approaches (strengths, weaknesses, ...

(Own) categorization. **Discussion**: problems, unsolved challenges.

> **Conclusion**, outro. Future **outlook**

Abstract

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Introduction

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Conclusion

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How to write a paper - Style

Consider

- Tell a story
- Logical structure fish / hourglass
- Clear and neutral language
- Correct grammar, no typos
- Short and simple sentences
- Introduce abbreviations (e.g. 'Virtual Reality (VR)')
- Use active voice (e.g. 'we conducted a literature survey' / 'authors et al. found out...')
- Follow the CCC scheme: Context Content Conclusion
- https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5619685/

How to write a paper - Style

Avoid

- Fuzzy descriptions (e.g. 'high', 'low', 'almost')
- Empty phrases (e.g. 'Based on these and various other findings...')
- Fill words (e.g. 'indeed', 'remarkably')
- Aautologies (e.g. 'LCD Display' = 'Liquid Crystal Display Display')
- Pseudo-arguments (e.g. 'of course', 'as expected', 'without doubt')
- Unverifiable / overclaims (e.g. 'This is the best seminar ever!')
- Passive voice (e.g. 'This work was conducted by Authors et al.')
- Long complex sentences (e.g. 'First they did this, then they this, this led to this, and I...)'
- Tempus changes (e.g. 'they find out [...], they did this.')

How to write a paper - Style

Avoid

- Fuzzy descriptions (e.g. 'high', 'low', 'almost')

 Empty phrases (e.g. 'Blood bh Shese and various other findings...')

 Words (e.g. 'indeed', 'remarkably')
- Aautologies (e.g. 'LCD Display' =
- Pseudo-arguments (e.g. 'of cours
- Unverifiable / overclaims (e.g. 'Th
- Passive voice (e.g. 'This work wa

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- Long complex sentences (e.g. 'Fi and I...)'
- Tempus changes (e.g. 'they find

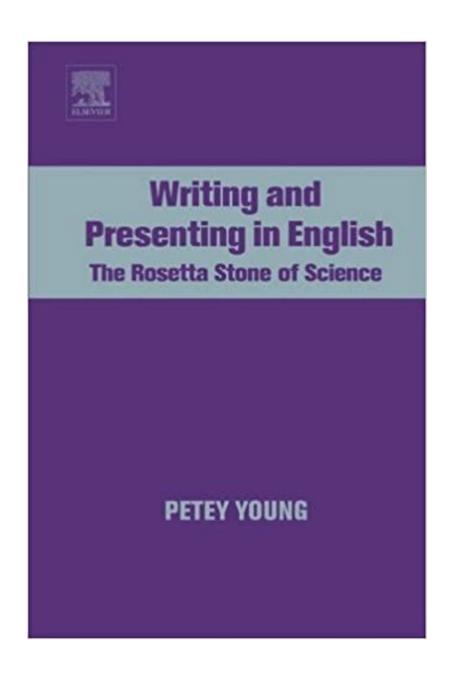
Table 1. Top-10 list of recommendations for writing consistently boring publications.

- Avoid focus
- Avoid originality and personality
- Remove implications and speculations
- Leave out illustrations
- Omit necessary steps of reasoning
- Use many abbreviations and terms
- Suppress humor and flowery language
- Degrade biology to statistics
- Quote numerous papers for trivial statements

Literatur

- Writing and Presenting in English
- PDF Download from the UB [1]

[1] https://opac.ub.unimuenchen.de/TouchPoint/perma.do?q=+0%3D%22ZDB-30-PAD-EBC285807%22+IN+%5B2%5D&v=sunrise&l=de



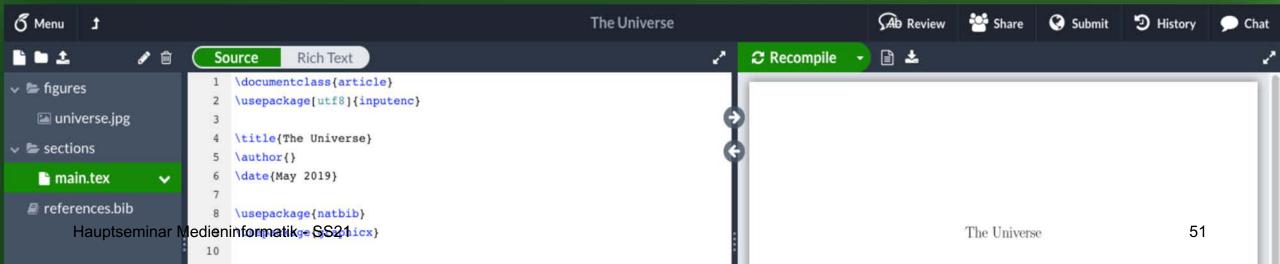
Plagiarism

- No plagiarism, NO plagiarism, not even a little!
- Plagiarism
 - Material of third parties, without reference
 - Direct quotations, without reference
 - Copied pictures, diagrams, or graphics without reference
- Your work will be checked automatically
- Work with plagiarism will fail the course!
- http://www.medien.ifi.lmu.de/lehre/Plagiate-Ifl.pdf

Overleaf https://www.overleaf.com/

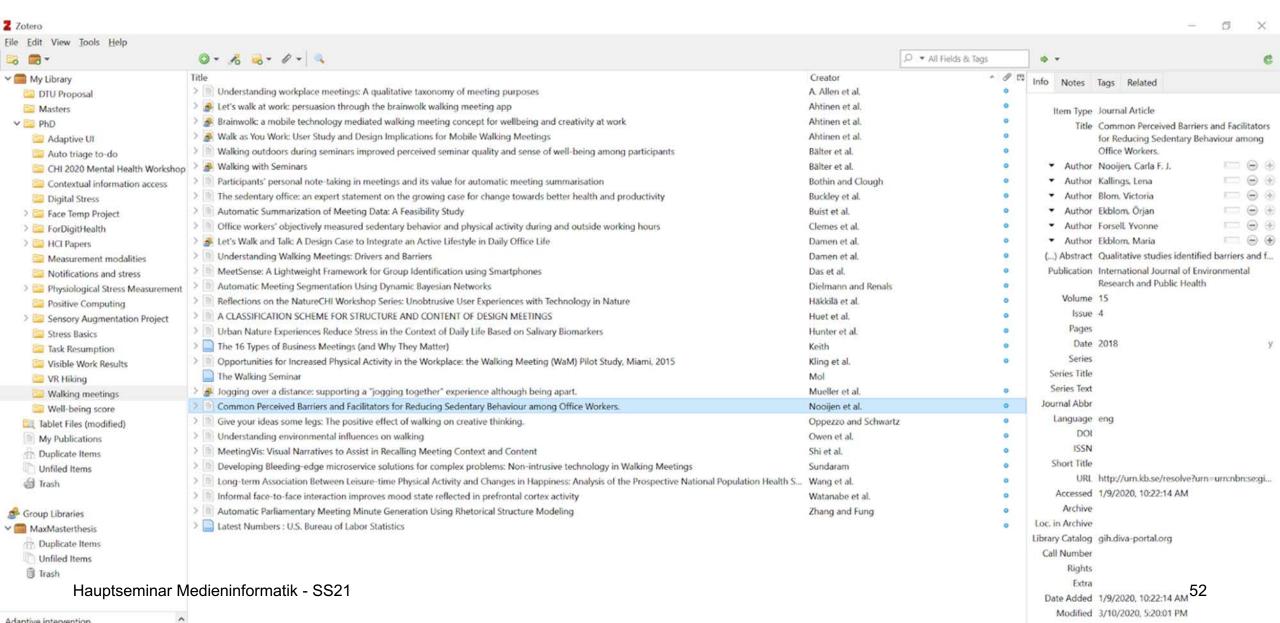


The easy to use, online, collaborative LaTeX editor

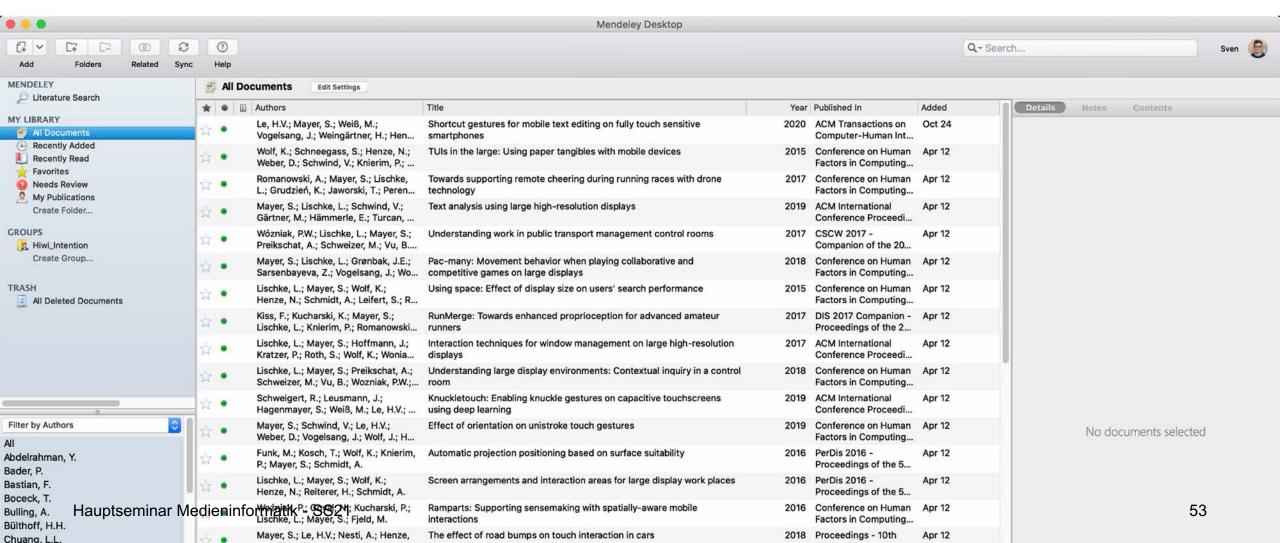


Zotero

https://www.zotero.org/



Mendeley https://www.mendeley.com/



Other Reference Managers

- Citavi
 - http://www.ub.uni-muenchen.de/schreiben/literaturverwaltung/citavi/index.html
- JabRef
 - http://www.jabref.org/

Further Information on LaTeX

- If you want to use LaTeX without Overleaf:
 - Windows: MikTeX (http://www.miktex.org/) + TeXnicCenter (http://www.toolscenter.org/) or Sublime (How to: https://jdhao.github.io/2018/03/10/sublime-text-latextools-setup/)
 - Mac OS: MacTex (http://tug.org/mactex/), with TeXShop IDE (http://www.uoregon.edu/~koch/texshop/index.html) or TexMaker (http://www.xm1math.net/texmaker/) or Sublime
 - Linux: teTeX-package (<u>www.ctan.org/</u>) + Kile (<u>http://kile.sourceforge.net/</u>), installed on the Pool-PCs
- Download LaTeX-Templates
 - Open .tex- and .bib-file in your IDE, check and understand the source files
 - Setup LaTeX => PDF, compile .tex-file twice
 - Further help can also be found online and in dedicated LaTeX-Tutorials

LaTeX Resources

- LaTeX-Packages and Documentation (http://www.ctan.org)
- A (Not So) Short Introduction to LaTex2e (http://www.ctan.org/tex-archive/info/lshort/english/)
- LaTeX Symbols List (http://www.ctan.org/tex-archive/info/symbols/comprehensive/)
- Import and format graphics (http://tug.ctan.org/tex-archive/info/epslatex/english/epslatex.pdf)
- German FAQs (http://www.dante.de/faq/de-tex-faq/html/de-tex-faq.html)
- BibTeXs can often be found in the digital libraries themselves (e.g., ACM, IEEE)
- How-To: http://www.bibtex.org/Using/de/

Agenda

- Goals
- Topic Assignment
- Organization
- Scientific Publishing
- Scientific Literature Review
- How to Write a Research Paper
- Write a Review

Review Instructions

Example bases on CHI'21

Write your review of the paper here. Please address each of the following issues:

- Significance of the paper's contribution to HCl and the benefit that others can gain from the contribution: why do the contribution and benefit matter?
- Originality of the work: what new ideas or approaches are introduced? We want to emphasize that an acceptable paper must make a clear contribution to Human-Computer Interaction;
- Validity of the work presented: how confidently can researchers and practitioners use the results?
- Presentation clarity;
- Relevant previous work: is prior work adequately reviewed?

If you have concerns about the methodological or statistical approaches taken by the authors, or its level of advancement over prior work, please cite a source for your objection (e.g., a definitive paper, a set of professional guidelines or a standard textbook). This is needed to help authors improve their submissions and to enable the Associate Chair to evaluate potentially conflicting reviews.

Please consider making any other recommendations that you think might be of use to the author(s).

Please be sure to address your review to the program committee. Any use of the word "you" should be referring to the committee, and not to the authors.

Recommendations

- Each venue has their own recommendation system
- Typical recommendations are
 - Acceptance
 - Acceptance with Minor Revision
 - Acceptance with Major Revision
 - Rejection Recommendation
 - O Strong Accept: I would argue strongly for accepting this paper; 5.0
 - . . . Between possibly accept and strong accept; 4.5
 - Possibly Accept: I would argue for accepting this paper; 4.0
 - O . . . Between neutral and possibly accept; 3.5
 - Neutral: I am unable to argue for accepting or rejecting this paper; 3.0
 - . . . Between possibly reject and neutral; 2.5
 - Opening Possibly Reject: The submission is weak and probably shouldn't be accepted, but there is some chance it should get in; 2.0
 - O... Between reject and possibly reject; 1.5
 - O Reject: I would argue for rejecting this paper; 1.0

Writing a Review

Structure

- Summary (~1 paragraph)
 - A simple summary of the paper
 - Highlight all the positive aspects
- Major Issues
 - State what the major issues and how they impact the paper
 - Make clear why and how it can be corrected if possible, if not state why
 - Major issues can be, e.g., design flaws, missing information, ethical issues, missing related work, statistical issues
- Minor Issues
 - List all other issues, e.g., missing figures, broken references, spelling mistakes
- Conclusion (~1 paragraph)
 - Make clear recommendation and state why
 - If you mandatory changes need to be applied for acceptance repeat them here

Writing a Review

Summary

The authors present an investigation of ...

However, the specifics are not clear, ...

The authors of this paper present a ...

Major Issues

How were the interviews analyzed?

The related work section has an unclear structure

I have strong concerns with the presentation of the results due to ...

The related work section has an unclear structure.

Minor Issues

don't => do not

Proofreading is needed.

Conclusion

In summary, presents a clear contribution

To summarize my review, ... The paper lacks important information in ...

As I raised a number of questions, ...

The paper presents a strong study.

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What is a Meta-Review?

- A review summarizing the reviews of others.
- It highlights the common themes in all of the reviews.
- In special cases the meta-reviewer will add more points.
- A senior researcher typically writes it.
- The meta-review lines out specific steps to improve the manuscript.

Next Steps

- Write your supervisor this week!
- Meet your supervisor and discuss the structure of your paper
- Write and submit your first draft